

Gettysburg Compiler.

99th YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1916

NO. 8

A TWO TAVERNS GROOM

FINDS BRIDE IN HANOVER WHERE THEY ARE WEDDED.

Other Brides and Grooms in the County Married Within the Past Week.

Snyder—Arentz.—The home of Mr. and Mrs. William Arentz, in Hanover, was the scene of a pretty wedding last Saturday afternoon, Sept. 30th at 3 o'clock when their only daughter, Miss Lottie Grace Arentz, became the bride of Ray Harold Snyder, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Snyder, of Two Taverns. The ceremony was performed by the bride's pastor, Rev. S. P. Mauger, of Grace Reformed Church, in the presence of the immediate families. Following the ceremony a wedding dinner was served and a reception held. The bride was the recipient of many valuable presents. The bride was formerly employed in the Littlestown 5 and 10 Cent Store and the groom is a cigarmaker employed in Littlestown. After a short wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Snyder will reside in Hanover.

Haverstick—Chronister.—Earl J. Haverstick and Miss Annie Esther Chronister were married in Grace Reformed parsonage, Hanover, last Saturday afternoon, September 30, at 2 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. S. P. Mauger. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chronister, of Middleburg, near McSherrystown. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Haverstick, of Asper's Station, and is employed in the Hanover Steam Laundry. After spending a few days at Asper's Station, Mr. and Mrs. Haverstick will go to housekeeping in their newly furnished house in Middleburg.

Hamme—King.—A beautiful wedding was solemnized on the lawn at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James King, Taneytown, Thursday evening, Sept. 28, when their daughter, Miss Fannie Krezcile was married to Harry G. Hamme, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Hamme. The bride's pastor, Rev. Milton Whitener, of Redeemer's Reformed Church, Littlestown, performed the ceremony. The attendants were the sister and brother of the bride. Immediately after the ceremony a supper was served. The presents were numerous and useful consisting of silverware, linen and china. A check of \$2000 was given the bride by her parents. They will make their future home on one of the Hamme farms near Seven Valleys.

McCleaf—Larken.—Miss Alberta E. Larken and Charles J. McCleaf of Gettysburg, were married Monday evening at the Presbyterian manse by Rev. F. E. Taylor. They will move to Pottstown. Mr. McCleaf has been employed in the local furniture factories for the past few years.

Zercher—Wolf.—Harold Zercher, of York, and Miss Ruth A. Wolf, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Wolf, of York, formerly of New Oxford, were married in Philadelphia on Friday evening by the Rev. Dr. Parker. Mr. and Mrs. Zercher are graduates of the York High School class of 1916. Mr. Zercher is at present a student in the University of Pennsylvania. The couple were attended by Mrs. Zercher and Mrs. Wolf. They will reside in Philadelphia.

Reed—Bowling.—Miss Madeline Bowling, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Dowling of Fairfield, and Lloyd Reed, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reed, also of Fairfield, were married at a high nuptial mass in St. Mary's Catholic Church that place Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Guise. The bride wore a gown of white messaline and net, and a veil, and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The bridesmaid, Miss Theresa Bowling, a sister of the bride, wore a gown of blue messaline and carried white carnations. James Beard, a brother-in-law of the bride, was best man. They will reside in Fairfield.

Stitzel—Coulson.—Miss Grace Coulson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Coulson of Latimore township, and Vance Stitzel of Huntingdon township, were married at the Lutheran parsonage in York Springs on Saturday evening by the Rev. Paul Gladfelter.

Richwine—Davis.—Miss Hannah Davis and Ross Richwine of near Gardners, were married at the United Brethren parsonage in Carlisle on September 9th by the Rev. Waggoner.

Gettysburg Academy Opens.

Gettysburg Academy opened on Tuesday with the largest enrollment in its history, a fact most gratifying to all friends of the institution. Sixty pupils were present on Tuesday and a few more have entered since. The Lower School in charge of Miss Campbell of Hagerstown, opened with ten children between ages of 4 and 12.

Dr. Charles H. Huber, head master has been Dr. Granville's right hand man in pushing the canvas for the funds for the new building. He threw himself into this work enthusiastically and to him comes now the special gratification of seeing the culmination of these efforts in the only

thorough up-to-date preparatory school in the Lutheran General Synod.

The equipment of the Academy is unique and thorough in every department. The kitchen is declared by all who have seen it to be a wonder of efficiency, with every modern labor saving convenience, so that three people will be able to look after all details of kitchen and dining room. Nearly all the rooms are occupied and they have been tastefully furnished. The new Academy is a great credit to all who have contributed toward its establishment.

Fire Protection Day.

Monday, October 9th is the day observed in many communities as Fire Protection Day, and it would have been well to inaugurate the possession by the town of one of the very best types of auto fire engines with an appropriate celebration of the day. It is usual to observe the day by having an ordinance passed giving the Fire Department the authority to inspect premises. This is done with co-operation of civic organization and a thorough inspection of the business districts is made in order to eliminate all fire traps. It is a clean-up movement to get rid of the accumulation that invites fires. Perhaps Gettysburg will have to wait until next year to observe the day with a legal inspection but the citizens could observe it by an inspection of their own properties to get rid of the things that would help to prevent fires.

PAYMENT OF FIRE ENGINE

Held Up Until October 16th by the Town Council.

Because several members of the Town Council found something to object to as to the auto fire engine, the Council balked in the payment of the engine on Tuesday evening last at their regular meeting. In the end however, they will do the stunt of paying because there is nothing else to be done. Litigation would be a species of foolishness the Town Council could not be credited with of resorting to, for it would be litigation sure to be lost and the town pay the costs. The new fire engine differs slightly from the one ordered, six cylinders instead of four, yet the changes are sure to give a better and stronger piece of machinery and there would be no reason to object to payment, there being no increase in price by reason of betterments. The engine has stood the severest tests of the underwriters and has been approved and why there should be a wrangle when it comes to payment for value received is not quite clear. The wrangle lasting hours was precipitated by the report of the committee on purchase of engine as follows:

"We, the undersigned members of a committee appointed by the president of the Town Council, Charles B. Dougherty and A. B. Plank, chief of the Fire Department of Gettysburg, Pa., to investigate the relative merits of different auto driven fire engines, do hereby further report that we have personally inspected and examined the auto driven fire engine furnished by James Boyd and Brother Incorporated and have witnessed the tests made by the representative of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, and find that the said engine is in accordance with all the conditions of the specifications and agreement entered into by the said James Boyd and Brother, Incorporated, on March 9, 1916—except that it has a six cylinder instead of a four cylinder engine, and that the pump has no gibs, which changes, in our judgment do not detract from the value of the machine itself.

"We find further slight damage to the two outer dual tires of the engine which damage is taken care of by the guarantee of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company of Philadelphia.

"The report of the representative of the National Board of Fire Underwriters contains a suggestion that a larger air adjustment be applied to the carburetor or a new carburetor installed and we suggest that this be required.

"The following items contain in the agreement with James Boyd and Brother, Incorporated, have not yet been furnished: six Hilton couplings, and we recommend that the sum of

two hundred dollars be retained from the settlement until such time as all conditions and requirements are complied with.

"And the said committee and the said chief of the Fire Department of Gettysburg, Pa., further recommend that the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Gettysburg and the Gettysburg Steam Fire Engine Company accept the said engine and settle for same."

The report of the committee was signed by A. B. Plank, Martin Winter, Harry D. Geiselman, George F. Eberhart, J. A. Lentz, and C. H. Wilson. The member not signing was James McDonnell.

Ross Boyd Had No Bullet Wound.

An autopsy of the body of J. Ross Boyd, killed while hauling a load of grain into Cashtown last week failed to reveal a bullet wound. The wound under the shoulder was deep but it was discovered that it was not made by a bullet and was made by the fall and wagon passing over him. Dr. Woerner, the coroner, and Dr. J. McCrae Dickson, made the examination.

The new Silks are here in great variety.

s23-24

G. W. Weaver & Son.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS CROWDED

MANY MORE CHILDREN ATTENDING THAN ESTIMATED.

The High School is Short in Room in Many Ways—New Building Only Solution.

At the September meeting of the School Directors the figures were presented of the demands that would be made upon them for accommodations. These demands were so large that the School Directors saw no way out from the difficult problem of crowded school rooms and school houses, but the building of a High School building. This was resolved upon and the money for same has been put up to the voters to be decided at the election in November.

The estimated figures at the September meeting were conservative, figures that were absolutely sure to be on the safe side. They were High School 185, Meade School 247, and High Street Building 255, or total of 687.

The proof that the Directors have moved carefully and upon dependable conditions is shown by the fact that the actual figures of pupils now in our schools is more than 50 in excess of the estimated figures. The number of children now in the High School is 205, Meade School 238, and High Street Building 279, a total of 672. If the non-resident pupils, 63, are not counted, the fact stares every voter in the face that the children of the town have crowded the accommodations of the schools beyond their capacity.

According to the State requirements no rooms should have more than 35 to 40 children. All the rooms are at their limit and one in Meade Building and three in High Street Building away beyond the limit with 46, 47, 48, and 55 pupils. Space is at a premium in the majority of our school rooms. A visit to the school rooms will furnish the absolute proof of these facts. There are rooms so packed that there is no room for classes to be seated in front of teachers but recitations are given by pupils from their desk seats.

When the High School is visited a shortage of room is everywhere noticeable. Rooms and halls are packed and even two rooms in the Culp residence are giving little relief. The auditorium holds 171 and the High School of 34 more than the seating capacity can not be gathered together into the main auditorium. The necessary breaking up of the High School is not good for a number of reasons.

It is no answer to the problem to wonder where all the children come from, or to compare the present with the past, when the town was perhaps one-third or one-half smaller. Compulsory attendance has brought all the children into the schools. Industrial growth that has brought added prosperity to the business of the town has added children to the population and the fact is not able to be denied that school accommodations are short.

What are the voters going to do about it? The greatest assets of the town are the children and the greatest help to be given them is education.

To keep up the standard of our schools another building is absolutely necessary. Not to give it is to cripple the educational advantages of our children. So vote for the loan for a new school building.

HONORS FOR GETTYSBURG.

Local Exhibitors Win Prizes with Fine Horses and Chickens.

The Hill Top Poultry Farm, McCammon and Myers proprietors, swept the White Crested Black Polish and White Silkie competition at the York Fair Poultry Show this week. Their winnings are as follows: W. C. Black Polish, cock, 1 and 3; hen, 1, 2 and 4; pullet, 1, 2 and 3; cockrel, 3; pen, 1. White Silkies, cock, 1, 2 and 4; hen, 1, 3 and 4; cockrel, 1 and 2; pullet, 4. Out of 27 entries in the competition all of the birds were placed, with the exception of three.

Local Horses Win Ribbons.

Four horses belonging to Luther M. Slenz, East Middle street, won ribbons at the horse show at the York Fair on Tuesday, the judges awarding three firsts and one second as follows: Irene Slenz, brood mare, first prize, blue ribbon; Sena Wise, three-year-old, first prize, blue ribbon; Beauty Hale, two-year-old, second prize, red ribbon; Billy Deales, four-month-old colt, first prize, blue ribbon.

Win Prizes at Lancaster Fair.

W. G. Horner, proprietor of the Catawba Poultry Farm near Round Top, was awarded four prizes at the poultry show of the Lancaster Fair last week on four entries of his "Velvet" strain of Rose Comb Rhode Island Reds, winning first pen, first and second pullets and second hen. Mr. Horner will exhibit a number of his birds at the Hagerstown Fair next week.

The new Wool Dress Goods are now open on our counters—a splendid line.

s23-25

G. W. Weaver & Son.

PERSONAL POINTS OF VIEW

COMINGS AND GOINGS INTO AND OUT OF THE TOWN.

Social and Other Individual Happenings and Other Local Items of Interest.

West Middle street, have returned to their homes.

Edward Barbemann has returned to his home on North Stratton street after spending several months in Philadelphia.

Arthur G. Taughinbaugh, York street, has gone to Philadelphia where he will take a course of Commerce and Finance at the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania.

Rev. and Mrs. Reading of Seattle, Wash., are visiting Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Morris at their home on North Stratton street.

Mrs. Albert Z. Rogers, Hanover street, spent several days this week as the guest of Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Hartman at their home in Harrisburg.

Miss Anita Sprenkle has returned to Hanover after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. John D. Lippy, Chambersburg street.

George Florence has returned to his home in town after spending the past three weeks as a patient in Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore.

Miss Margaret Twoomey, Chambersburg street, has gone to Wilmington, Del., where she will take a course at Beacom's Business College.

The Western Maryland Railroad has placed a special watchman at the Stratton street crossing of the tracks from 7 o'clock in the evening until 10 as a protection to the people who must cross the tracks to attend the revival.

Miss Bessie Breighner and Miss Bessie Breighner, West Middle St., spent Sunday with friends at Waynesboro.

Miss Annie Danner has returned to her home on Centre Square after spending some time with Rev. and Mrs. C. E. Reinewald at their home in Emmitsburg.

Miss Nettie Shultz of Baltimore is spending a week with her sister, Mrs. Roy Funkhouser, Baltimore street.

Miss Pauline Anderson has returned to her home at Forestville, Conn., after a month's visit with the Misses Bream at their home on Seminary Ridge.

President W. A. Granville attended this week the sessions of three Lutheran Synods, the Allegheny at Scalp Level, the Central at Loysville and the East Pennsylvania at Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Benton Gilbert attended the State Firemen's Convention at Scranton this week.

Miss Margaret Gilliland, Carlisle street, left on Tuesday for Mahanoy City, Pa., where she has been elected a teacher in the public schools.

Rev. and Mrs. D. M. Moser, Carlisle street, spent this week with Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Moser in York.

Samuel M. Bushman and Miss Mary Power, Baltimore street, have gone on a week's trip to Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Trump of Martinsburg, W. Va., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Amos Eckert, Springs avenue.

Rev. and Mrs. W. R. Glenn have returned to their home on West High street after spending the week in Hagerstown attending the annual conference of the United Brethren Church.

Prof. B. F. Schappelle is spending several days with friends in town before going to Philadelphia where he will be connected with the University of Pennsylvania. Prof. Schappelle has just returned from Brazil where he was in charge of research work for the University.

Horace E. Smiley has returned from Scranton where he spent this week attending the State Firemen's Convention as a delegate from the local company.

Miss Rachel Scott, East Middle street, who has been spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Stackhouse at Easton, has accepted a position as teacher in one of the public schools of that city and will remain there for the year.

Mrs. Anna Mackley of Martztown, Lancaster county, is visiting friends in and near Fairfield.

Mrs. Jacob Zortman of Philadelphia is spending some time with friends and relatives at Arendtsville and vicinity.

Harry S. Montfort has returned to his home on East Middle street after spending four months at Canton, Ohio.

County Superintendent H. Milton Roth and Prof. Geo. M. Rice, assistant, spent this week visiting the schools in the county having teachers who are serving their first year.

This plan of going over the school work with the new teachers was adopted by the school officials last year and has been found to be of great benefit. Next week Prof. Roth and Prof. Rice will start the tour of the county, visiting all the schools.

John Mickley is ill at his home on Chambersburg street suffering from the effects of a stroke of paralysis received on Saturday while he was fishing along a stream near Greenmount.

M. Yoshikawa of Yamada, Japan, joined this week as a student at Gettysburg Academy. This young Japanese student is from a school in Japan where J. M. Steck, who graduated from Gettysburg College in 1913, is an instructor in English.

The Day of Atonement which marks the end of the Jewish holiday season, beginning Wednesday of last week with New Year, will be celebrated this week beginning on Friday evening at sunset and continuing until Saturday evening at the same hour.

Mrs. Mary Crapster of Taneytown, is visiting her sisters at Carlisle street.

Miss Lily Long of Harrisburg is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Harry Lackner, Chambersburg street.

Mrs. Catherine Wassom of Baltimore and Mr. and Mrs. Henges of Philadelphia, who have been visiting at the home of Mrs. Anna McSherry, officiating.

REVIVAL IN HIGH GEAR

AT THE BIG TABERNACLE ON STRATTON STREET.

Crowd at Opening on Sunday Estimated at

DEATHS.

(Continued from page 5.)

Jacob Mundorff of this place. The funeral will be held today, Saturday, the body being brought to Gettysburg for interment. She leaves a husband, two daughters and two sons. Mrs. Mary Peck, Mrs. Cora Fisher, Bert Mackley of Waynesboro, and Charles Mackley of near Gettysburg. A brother, Harry Mundorff, of White Hall survives.

Mrs. Guy G. Brunner died at her home on York street on Friday at noon aged 36 years, 8 months and 15 days. She had been suffering from intestinal obstruction and during the past year had undergone several operations. Mrs. Brunner before marriage was Miss Sara Welty, youngest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Thaddeus Welty, and has for some time resided in the Welty home on York street. She was a graduate of Gettysburg High School in the class of 1888. She is survived by two sisters and two brothers, Miss Eva Welty of Philadelphia, Mrs. J. B. Didlake of Los Angeles, Cal., Frederick Welty of Philadelphia, and J. Harvey Welty of Baltimore. Funeral Monday afternoon.

SEQUEL OF AUTO KILLING.

Court Fittingly Punishes Beer Helped Driving.

The killing of George Donahue, of Harrisburg, formerly of York Springs, told in our last issue has had a speedy sequel in the trial of Clarence Leroy Bates, who admitted in the Dauphin county court that he ran down and killed Donahue. He was sentenced to one year in the Dauphin county prison, costs and fines aggregating \$200.

The chief witness for the State was pretty Martha Gross, the 18-year-old girl with whom Bates had been riding. While a crowded court room listened, the blue-eyed girl almost breathlessly told how as she sat in the racing car she had seen the men in the road ahead, how the car never slackened its speed, and how later she had a confused impression of a jar "as if we'd bumped over a rut."

In imposing sentence, President Judge Kunkle declared that it was the court's intention to "set at a higher standard, the sanctity of human life in Dauphin county." Bates, who is a married man with two children, had been representing himself as a single man to the Gross girl. Miss Gross and her parents rode with Bates. She admitted that the party stopped at several hotels and that everybody had a bottle of beer.

PERSONALS.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Koch have gone to Harrisburg where they will reside, Mr. Koch having accepted a position with the Street Railway Co.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stock of York visited Jacob Stock and family, North Washington street, on Thursday.

—While Rev. A. A. Bruchhaus of Hunterstown was on his way to the meeting of the Presbytery at Mercersburg on Tuesday afternoon, his automobile collided with a state road wagon. The driver of the wagon failed to heed the signal of the approaching car and in order to avoid ditching his car Rev. Bruchhaus struck the wagon which had allowed him about four feet of road on which to pass. With Rev. Bruchhaus were a number of delegates to the Presbytery all of whom escaped injury. The fenders and the running board of the car were badly damaged, but the party was able to go on to Mercersburg where necessary repairs were made for the return trip.

—John Shealer has returned to Wilkes-Barre after a visit at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Shealer, Chambersburg St.

ARENDSVILLE.

John F. Powell presented your correspondent with three pound apples. They measured respectively 12, 13, and 14 inches in circumference and were smooth and perfect.

Our farmers are cutting off their corn and report a fair crop.

Quinces are a short crop owing to the severe twig blight on the trees.

Grapes are an abundant crop here.

Earl Miller who has a position in New York City, is spending a few days in the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Miller.

Mrs. J. W. Dickson of Hunterstown is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Ella Yeatts who has her home with her son-in-law, H. P. Mark, in this town.

Mrs. Jacob Bittinger of Aspers spent several days here recently in the home of John F. Lupp, her brother.

Mrs. John H. Dull of McKnightstown spent several days with her sister, Mrs. Joseph E. Wierman.

Cattle Sales.

H. J. March will hold a large cattle sale on Saturday, Sept. 30, at his place of business in East Berlin at 1 o'clock p.m. A car load of Wyoming county cows and a carload of western steers will be sold.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the administration accompanying hereinafter entered will be presented at an Orphans' Court of Adams County for confirmation and allowance Monday, October 16th, at 10:30 a.m. of said day:

54 First and final account of Joseph A. Fitzgerald, administrator of the estate of Cornelius Fitzgerald, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

55 First and final account of Mary Irwin Weaver, administratrix of the estate of J. Bell Weaver, late of the Borough of Fairfield, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

56 First and final account of Farmers' and Merchants' Trust Co. of Chambersburg, Pa., trustee of W. Lavere Hafer under the will of W. W. Hafer, deceased.

57 The first and final account of George R. Rousong, executor of the will of David B. Hewitt, late of Ben-

dersville Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

58 First and final account of George L. Rice, executor of the will of John Gaul late of Mt. Pleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

59 First and final account of John M. McClellan, administrator of the estate of William Herring, late of Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

60 First and final account of Harry F. Stambaugh, executor of the last will and testament of Sarah Flickinger, late of Abbotttown Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

61 First and final account of Howard G. Blocher, administrator of the estate of David R. Stavely, late of Germany township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

62 First and final account of Harvey Beard, executor of the estate of Sarah M. Beard, late of Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., deceased.

C. W. GARDNER,
Register of Wills.

NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Adams County.

In the matter of the estate of Seright Myers, late of Reading township.

To the Heirs, Creditors and other persons interested in said estate.

Notice is hereby given that Alice E. Myers, administratrix, has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court her return of a proposed private sale of the real estate of decedent following an offer at a public sale and praying for an order authorizing the decree and approval of the private sale of the real estate of said decedent described in the petition for the sale for the payment of debts and return aforesaid. If no exceptions be filed thereto, or objections made to granting same the Court will take action upon said return of private sale upon October 16, 1916.

WM. ARCH. MCLEAN,
RAYMOND F. TOPPER,
Attnys. for Administratrix.

PUBLIC SALE**Of Valuable Real Estate.**

On Thursday, October 19, 1916, the undersigned, trustee of the bankrupt estate of William S. Duterra, by virtue of an order of sale issuing out of the United States Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, will offer at public sale, on the premises, the following valuable real estate, all situate in the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa.:

Tract No. 1. Containing 100 acres of land, more or less, improved with a two-story brick dwelling house, frame bank barn, hog pen, chicken pen, wagon shed and other outbuildings with two (2) wells of good water.

Known as the John T. Weikert farm. This farm is well and conveniently located.

Tract No. 2. A tract of wood land contiguous to Tract No. 1, containing approximately eleven (11) acres of land, unimproved. A portion of this tract is tillable while the remaining portion of it is stump land. All of it is located on the west side of

Lot No. 2. Fronting forty-four and one-half (44 1/2) feet on the west side of Baltimore street, adjoining a twelve foot alley on the south, lot of Thomas J. Winebrenner on the north and running back one hundred and forty (140) feet to a public alley, improved with a large three story frame dwelling house, a two story brick building and other outbuildings.

Lot No. 3. Fronting eighty-four and one-fourth (84 1/4) feet on the west side of Baltimore street, adjoining a twelve foot alley on the south, lot of Robert Caldwell and a public alley containing one (1) acre, more or less, and without improvements.

Lot No. 4. Adjoining lot No. 4 on the south, public alley on the east and Jesse Snyder and George P. Black on the north, containing about three-fourth of an acre, and without improvements.

Lot No. 5. Adjoining lot No. 4 on the south, public alley on the east and Jesse Snyder and George P. Black on the north, containing about three-fourth of an acre, and without improvements.

Lot No. 6. Fronting about one hundred and forty-five (145) feet on South Washington street, adjoining land of V. S. Duterra on the north, public alley on the east and south, being triangular in shape, containing about one-eighth of an acre, and improved with a double metal house.

This lot will be sold subject to the water right and the reservoir erected thereon.

Sale will commence at 1:30 o'clock p.m. on Lot No. 1, and the terms will be twenty-five per cent. cash on day of sale, or note with approved security, payable on day of confirmation, and the balance on confirmation of sale by the United States District Court and the delivery of deeds and transfer of leases, which will terminate April 14, 1917, from which time the purchaser will be entitled to receive the rents.

Sale will commence at 1:30 o'clock p.m. on Lot No. 1, and the terms will be twenty-five per cent. cash on day of sale, or note with approved security, payable on day of confirmation, and the balance on confirmation of sale by the United States District Court and the delivery of deeds and transfer of leases, which will terminate April 14, 1917, from which time the purchaser will be entitled to receive the rents.

C. L. TOOT,
Trustee.

J. L. WILLIAMS, Attorney.

PUBLIC SALE**Of Valuable Real Estate.**

On Saturday, September 30, 1916, the undersigned, assignee of W. F. Watson and Lillie E. Watson, his wife, of Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., in trust for the benefit of the creditors of the said W. F. Watson, by virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, will expose at public sale upon the premises the following described real estate, on Saturday, September 30th, 1916, at 1 o'clock

p.m. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 1. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 2. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 3. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 4. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 5. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 6. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 7. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 8. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 9. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 10. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Tract No. 11. All the undivided interest of said assignees in two tracts of land situate in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., containing as a whole 21 acres and 154 perches, more or less; improved with a two-story frame house, stable, large hayshed and necessary outbuildings.

Said farm having running water at both house and barn.

Tract No. 2. A tract of land situated in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of H. Butler (now W. F. Watson) and others; containing approximately four (4) acres; improved with a two-story frame dwelling house and good barn, chicken house, corn crib, and hog pen and wagon shed, with well of good water and also good easter.

Tract No. 3. A tract of land in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of W. F. Watson, Howard Sanders and others; containing 1 acre and 130 perches.

Tract No. 4. A tract of land in Hamiltonian township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of D. R. Mc Cleaf, Margaret Patterson, Howard Sanders and others; containing 7 acres and 19 perches, less 1 1/2 acre of said land, on which is located the Greenmount immediately after sales of Tracts Nos. 1 and 2.

Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at time of sale.

JOHN D. KEITH,
WM. HERSH,
I. N. Lightner, Auct.

the Emmitsburg road opposite the lands of Tract No. 1.

Tract No. 3. A tract of land lying on the west side of the Gettysburg-Emmitsburg road, containing approximately four (4) acres; improved with a two-story frame dwelling house and good barn, chicken house, corn crib, and hog pen and wagon shed, with well of good water and also good easter.

The buildings are in good repair. This is the property formerly known as the Greenmount Post Office property and formerly owned by H. P. Bigham.

Sale will start at 1 o'clock P. M. on Tract No. 1, where Tract No. 2 will also be sold; and Tract No. 3 will be offered on the premises at Greenmount immediately after sales of Tracts Nos. 1 and 2.

Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at time of sale.

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EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Isaac H. Hoechst, late of East Berlin Borongh, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

SARAH HOECHST.
COIT R. HOECHST,
Pittsburgh,
Executors.

Or their attorney,
Wm. Arch. McClean, Esq.

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500 prs. of Wool and Cotton Blankets bought in early spring, at or near former prices, sold on same basis.

G. W. Weaver & Son.

DISTRIBUTOR WANTED to handle The Sheridan Farmer's Car, Exclusive ETALON SHREDLUN NU

by U. S. Gov't too. Economy Size 25c or 15c. Drug & Country Stores. Refuse substitutes. FREE. Comic Picture.

R. E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.

523-52 G. W. Weaver & Son.



The Kind of Jewelry YOU WANT

is the guaranteed kind—the kind w' carry always in stock. It's our business policy to carry only the jewelry that we can feel sure of—jewelry that, being guaranteed to us, we can guarantee to you.

No matter what you want in jewelry particularly if it is the nationally advertised kind, and guaranteed by Good Housekeeping Magazine, we have it. Come in and let us show you our complete line of reasonably-priced

Guaranteed Jewelry

PENROSE MYERS

Watchmaker and Jeweler

Baltimore Street

Walter's Theatre

28 York St.

"The Home of Good Pictures and Good Humor"

Beautiful Bust and Shoulders
are possible if you will wear a scientifically constructed
Bien Jolie Brassiere.
The drawing weight of an unconfined bust so stretches the supporting muscles that the contour of the figure is spoiled.
Put the bust back where it belongs, prevent the full bust from appearing, the appearance of business, eliminate the danger of dragging muscles and contract the flesh of the shoulder giving a graceful line to the entire upper body.
They are the daintiest and most serviceable garments imaginable—come in all materials and styles: Cross Back, Hook Front, Surplice, Bandeau, etc. Boned with "Walohn," the rustless boning—permitting washing without removal.
Have your dealer show you Bien Jolie Brassieres, if not stocked, we will gladly send him, prepaid, samples to show you.
BENJAMIN & JOHNS, 51 Warren Street, Newark, N. J.

Insure Your Teeth
Better than the dentifrice you are using now
VIVAUDOU'S Peroxide Tooth Paste

At all good stores 25c
For a generous trial tube of this exceptional tooth paste, send 25c in stamp and your dealer's name to Vivaudou, Dent. S. Times Building, New York, N. Y.

LET US HAVE YOUR NEXT ORDER FOR

...COAL...

Broken, Egg, Stove, Nut, Pea and Bituminous, also Wood
We give quality, full weight and best of service

J. O. BLOCHER

GETTYSBURG PENNSYLVANIA

For Your Beauty's Sake
USE **ED. PINAUD'S** Massage Cream

A new, exquisite complexion cream from the world's most famous parfumer. A wonderful beauty preparation, rose odor. Ask your druggist or send 25c to our American offices for a tube.

ED. PINAUD BLDG. NEW YORK



A Skin Like Velvet smooth, clear, free of wrinkles
Use the exquisitely fragrant cream of the beauty flower of India and be complimented on your complexion. Your dealer has Elcaya or will get it.

CRÈME ELCAYA



Dr. FAIRKEY'S TEETHING SYRUP

Expels from the stomach and bowel the things that make baby cry in the night. Lets mother and baby sleep all night and get a good rest. Cures Colic in ten minutes, is a splendid medicine for Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus and Sour Stomach. You can't get anything better for peevish, ailing, pale, skinny, undersized babies. 25 cents at drug stores. Trial Bottle FREE by mail of Drs. D. Fairkey & Son, Hagerstown, Md., if you mention this paper.

LETS BABY SLEEP ALL NIGHT.

"Onyx" Hosiery

You Get GOOD Value at ANY Price—\$1; List or Cotton 25c to \$5.00 per pair

Emery-Beers Company, Inc.

WHOLESALE 153-161 EAST 24th ST. NEW YORK

FARMERS IGNORED BY REPUBLICANS

But Democratic Administration Quickly Gave Them Justice in Rural Credits.

Don't forget Mr. Farmer, that through your Farmers' National Congress, National Grange, National Farmers' Union, American Society of Equity, and similar organizations you have for years demanded and have importuned Republican administrations for legislation you needed.

WHAT DID YOU GET?

Through all the years since 1884 the Republican Party was deaf and blind to the farmer's financial needs. This in the face of the fact that successful systems of Rural Credits were in operation throughout Europe for a century. When this great Democratic measure was put to vote in the Senate on May 4, 1916, only five Republicans dared vote against it! Three of them were on the sub-committee who wrote the Republican Platform of 1916.

Was it because you were not Big Interests? You were, many of you, highly financed, and High Finance held the mortgage—and to that extent you belonged to High Finance. But you paid big interest to associate with Big Interests.

A stack of wheat wasn't as good collateral as a sheaf of scraps of paper held by a stock gambler. Nor did the Political Bosses of the Republican Party care to give you financial justice. They were too busy "protecting" themselves.

THE PROMISES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM OF 1912—written in courage and honesty and with sympathetic understanding of the needs of every honest American interest—HAVE BEEN KEPT.

The Republican Party refused to do these things, which the prosperity of the American Farmer required.

The Republican presidential candidate, Charles E. Hughes, denounces the Democratic party and President Wilson for having done these things.

Where Does Your Interest Lie?
(From Farmers' Pamphlet issued by the Democratic National Committee.)

BURLESON'S "THREE STRIKE"

The Democratic party seems to have enough capacity to run the Post Office Department. Postmaster General Burleson has deposited a check for \$5,200,000 with Secretary McAdoo, being the profits of the fiscal year of 1916.

Sounds like a Democratic campaign orator, doesn't it?

But it isn't: it is the Philadelphia Public Ledger, a paper that is supporting Hughes, telling its host of readers about merely one of the deeds of the Wilson Administration.

Continues the Ledger:

"The Secretary of the Treasury replies that his department has experienced the sensation of receiving a postal surplus only three times, and those three times have been under the Administration of President Wilson and Mr. Burleson. But we have no hope that this will satisfy Mr. Hughes. He will tell the next audience he gets hold of that the service is not nearly so good as it used to be when Postmaster Generals were Republicans and there was a deficit every year, the amount being something over \$17,000,000."

Then open their eyes a little wider, and opportunities for service will reveal themselves. Too many of us go through the world with our eyes closed. The Lookout Committee often ceases to look out. It thinks of the great things far away that it would like to do, while all around in common life there are challenges to show somebody the way to be better. "Lord open the eyes of this young man that he may see," was the prayer of the prophet, and it needs to be repeated with earnestness and constant pleading. It will be new work to a great many societies just to look out and get a vision of the opportunities waiting to be utilized.

Then lend a hand. Let there be a good live committee on Evangelism,

and let this committee go out and enlist the boys and the girls of the community in a definite service for Jesus Christ. Most societies are lacking in this respect, and yet it is one of the prime purposes of the Christian life—to bring somebody else into the fellowship which we enjoy.

We need to be fired with the passion for souls which animated and controlled the life of Him whom we call Master.

The Society may also exercise a protecting influence over the lives of the young people of the community.

When it sees them about to be led to do some unworthy deed it may remind them of their responsibilities.

And of the great Helper Who stands by ready to strengthen and to support. Lend a hand. It will be new work, and it will be good work, the kind the Master did.

Vetoed the bill, giving women schoolteachers equal pay with men for equal work.

Vetoed the full-crew railroad bill.

Vetoed bills urged by State Tax Commission to compel corporations to pay their franchise taxes promptly and to authorize the Tax Board to equalize special franchise tax valuations.

Vetoed Coney Island five-cent fare bill which would have saved the people of New York city \$1,500,000 a year. Accomplished nothing to correct street-car overcrowding.

Blocked in his efforts by the bosses of his party, Gov. Hughes resigned in his second term to accept appointment to the United States Supreme Court.

Mr. Hughes is not the Republican party. He would be no more able to make good his promises as President than he was as Governor of New York. If he were elected President he could deliver only so much as the Republican bosses—the "Crooks" denounced by Roosevelt in 1912—would permit him to deliver.

IF THE G. O. P. ELEPHANT COULD SPEAK THE TRUTH

VOTERS OF THE U. S. A.—

We, the Republican party, being at our wits' end and desperate, put it up to you:

For nearly four years now a Democratic Administration has been in power. Contrary to every law of reason, every principle of progress, the country is at peace and alive, nay, humming with prosperity. Business is rushing. Wages are high. The only discontent is the discontent of those who are reaching for bigger chunks of plenty.

We are flabbergasted. All this has happened during a period when the rest of the world has been agog, when international crises were impending on all sides, when we would have sworn only Republican statesmanship could pull the nation through.

No war has engulfed us. No panic has paralyzed us. No nation has with impunity continued to infringe upon our rights.

We can't deny what has been done. All we can do is take our oath we could have done it better. How, we do not know. If only we said it loud and long enough we hoped the country would believe us.

But the country is busy and our voices grow hoarse. We are having a hard time.

Woodrow Wilson has nothing to show but what he has accomplished. He has none of the glamour of the what-might-be. We, on the contrary, have our old promises and policies, mellowed by age, but still bearing the stamp of the nation's solid interests. Protection, privilege, government by influence—surely the country has not given them their last trial.

Wall street is with us. Big business is with us. But O, Voters, we confess it, we need you. Don't keep looking at the peace and prosperity around you. Try to get our point of view. Whatever Wilson has done, the man is a Democrat, and neither Federal Government nor Federal offices were meant to be forever in such hands.

Let's forget issues and talk as friends. Turn him out and give us a chance!

PRAISES WILSON'S STAND IN BEHALF OF SUFFRAGE

The action of the National Suffrage Association at Atlantic City, N. J. in rejecting by an overwhelming vote the proposal to make the suffrage movement a partisan annex of the Republican campaign, was further emphasized by Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, "the sage of suffrage," in an interview published in the Philadelphia Press, a staunch Republican organ.

"The President, in his speech to the convention, promised all he could carry out," said Dr. Shaw. "If he had promised more we would have known that he could not carry it out.

"Not the Republicans alone, nor the Democrats alone, can bring suffrage. If it could be done that way I would favor it. But it can't. We must get enough Democrats and Republicans together to do it."

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PERFECT CONFIDENCE.

Gettysburg People Have Good Reason For Complete Reliance.

Do you know how—To find relief from backache; To correct distressing urinary ills; To assist weak kidneys?

Your neighbors know the way—Have used Doan's Kidney Pills: Have proved their worth in many tests.

Here's Gettysburg testimony.

Mrs. G. Reiderer, 149 Hanover St., Gettysburg, says: "About two years ago I had trouble with my kidneys. They were very irregular in action and my back and head hurt me a great deal. One of my family had received such good results from Doan's Kidney Pills, that I got some at the People's Drug Store. They gave me great relief and at all times I speak very highly of them."

Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Reiderer had. Foster-Nilburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

500 prs. of Wool and Cotton Blankets bought in early spring, at or near former prices, sold on same basis.

G. W. Weaver & Son, 23-25

Living on Your Nerves.

Do you live on your nerves? Possibly you do and boast of it as if it was something to be proud of.

Despite ideas to the contrary few people ever work themselves to death. It is usually the combination of business and pleasure at a strenuous pace which does the damage.

It is so easy to go a little further on your nerves when you know that physically you need rest and relaxation. There may be times of stress and strain when it is justifiable to exert every atom of endurance but this is only under special circumstances.

To practice it regularly in order to over crowd one's days is certain to result disastrously. There is much in our modern life with its diversity of interests which tends to excite and irritate the nervous system. We should make an effort to offset this as much as possible. One may find pleasure and diversion without rushing madly about under high pressure.

People who live on their nerves until nervousness becomes chronic this story, told by Mildred Louise, beauty specialist, of Boston, Mass., is of unusual interest.

"I can recommend no better health giver than tonoline," said Mildred Louise.

"I was for many months a victim of stomach trouble and nervousness. I had suffered terribly from pains that followed eating. Headaches also would add to my woes. Poor digestion finally brought on nervousness."

"Relief came, however, when I took the advice of several women who said, 'Take tonoline.'"

"Not long after I started the tonoline treatment, my patrons began to remind me of the improvement in my condition. And because health was particularly noticeable in my face."

"What tonoline really did for me I cannot say. I am so grateful that I am very willing to recommend tonoline publicly."

Tonoline is a purely vegetable preparation which gives to the seat of common maladies—stomach and kidney trouble, catarrhal affections of the mucous membranes, liver ailments and impurities of the blood—and quickly restores proper action. Tonoline is being explained daily to many people at People's Drug Store.

Notice:—As tonoline is a wonderful flesh builder it should not be taken by any one not wishing to increase his weight ten pounds or more. Although many reports are received from those who have been benefited by tonoline in severe cases of stomach trouble and nervous dyspepsia, chronic constipation, etc.

—50c BOX FREE—

FREE TONOLINE COUPON

AMERICAN PROPRIETORY CO.

Boston, Mass.

Send me by return mail a 50c box of your celebrated flesh builder. I enclose 10c to help pay postage and packing.

A New One on Him.

It was after the stone laying ceremony, and a wire was sent to the builder with the news. "Stone laid with great eclat." The builder, smothering an awful oath, muttered, "Another new foreign cement!" and flung the missile from him in passionate disgust.—London Globe.

A Single Exception.

"Do you think a memory for dates helps a man?"

"Sometimes," replied Farmer Cornfassel. "But not when he is selling spring chickens."—Washington Star.

Equality.

PRESIDENT WILSON SPEAKS**TO HOST OF YOUNG MEN'S DEMOCRATIC CLUBS.**

Declares There is Only One Way to Change Foreign Policy, for War Against Peace.

President Wilson made an address last Saturday to 3000 members of Young Men's Democratic Clubs in which many plain truths were told. He spoke as follows:

I am very much obliged to you for giving me an opportunity to say some very plain things about the present campaign and about the future policy of this country, because a body of young men are very much more interested in the future than they are in the present. While some of us who are older look back upon long experience and are able to take certain measurements which may not have occurred to you, nevertheless your feeling is that the world lies in front of you and not behind you. You want to know what sort of world it is going to be and what sort of guidance you are going to have in that world and what sort of co-operation among you will be effective for the service of the world into which the years ahead of you will bring you.

I do not know where from Republican quarters you have got any suggestions as to what is going to happen in the years to come. This is a most singular campaign. I will not say an unprecedented campaign, because I happen to remember that other parties have tried to get into power by saying nothing whatever; and I also remember with interest that they never succeeded, because the people of the United States are an inquisitive people, and if you ask them to intrust you with the great power of their government they really want to know what you are going to do with that government if they intrust you with it. They may not insist upon your telling them what you would have done in circumstances now past and gone but they will insist upon your telling them what you intend to do in the future.

For a little while I myself expected that this campaign would be an interesting, intellectual contest that on both sides men would draw upon some of the essential questions of politics in order to determine the predominance of parties, but I am sorry to say that I have found nothing to interest me, and I am a little bit ashamed of myself that I should have expected it, for I should have known better. There is a fact running through all our political history of which I ought to have reminded myself. The Democratic party, my fellow citizens, is the only party whose life has persisted and whose vigor has continued throughout all the history of this nation, and that has not happened by accident. It has happened because it is the only party I venture to say, all of whose life has been governed, or at any rate inspired, by a definite principle, an absolute belief in the control of the people, their right to control, their capacity to control their own affairs and shape them in the common interest.

The Democratic party has committed many errors, the Democratic party has made some fatal mistakes of action, but the reason it has lived, the reason it is the only party that has apparent immortality in our politics is that it is the only party that has consistently based its beliefs upon the things and the convictions that underlie all American history, the belief in the government of the people by themselves and their own representatives. It has witnessed the life and death of two great parties, and unless I am very much mistaken, it will witness the early death of another.

I witnessed the life, decadence and disappearance of the Federalistic party. It witnessed the life, the increase, the demoralization of the Whig party. And then there appeared upon the scene the Republican party, first of all organized for a great and definite purpose, to prevent the spread of the institution of slavery into the free portions of the United States. That object they greatly accomplished. And then there seemed to descend upon them the spirit of the Federalistic and the Whig parties, and ever since then the increasing demoralization of that party has been evident.

What was the spirit of those parties was one of the limited control of the affairs of the nation by those who had the biggest material stake in the prosperity of the country. Some of them professed this very openly and some of them practiced it without professing it. The theory of Alexander Hamilton, who founded the Federalistic party, was that the best kind of government is government by guardians and trustees, and that only those who represent the great material enterprises of the country are capable of acting as trustees and guardians. So that throughout the period when the Federalist party was in control the whole idea was that a small group of carefully planning men should govern opinion and control administrative action in the United States.

The Whig party, when it arose, had a somewhat more liberal conception, but before it had lasted very long it acted upon the same principle, that the great body of the people is not capable of doing its own thinking, and that a small group of persons must be allowed to do its thinking for it, and the Republican party has inherited that idea. Not the idea of government by the people, but a government for the people, and concern it. It was a foregone conclusion that parties that held such principles could not live in America. The only reason they existed for a short time was that they did rally to their support some of the fine planning, enterprising minds of the country, and that so long as those men had the vision of the general good, so long as those men had the conscience of public service, great things were con-

ceived and great things were done; but just so soon as they put in possession of the government men who were attorneys of special interests the decadence of the party inevitably ensued. The Republican party as now constituted and led believes in government by the attorneys of special interests. They are perfectly willing that the attorneys of the people should appear before them and plead for the rights of the people, but they are not willing that the counsels which determine action shall be participated in by the attorneys of the people.

One of the things that they are most constantly talking about is the protective tariff, and there was a time when a very wide taking of counsel entered into the formation of our tariffs, but not toward the end. Then a small group of selected counselors always determined what the items of the tariff should be. The only persons heard were the attorneys for the special interests, and the attorneys of the people could bathe at the door as they pleased and never get a hearing. The end of such a party was foredoomed and now the party that believes in the people and tries to do things for the people has been in power for four years, and what has happened? It has redeemed some of the promises falsely made by the attorneys for the special interests. And it has done something more interesting than that.

You remember that four years ago there was a great body of spirited Republicans who said, "This thing is becoming a fraud and a sham." We have been taking care of some people, but we have not been taking care of the great body of the people. We have not thought about their morals, we have not thought about their health, we have not thought about their rights as human beings, and we insist that you put the policy of this party in our hands, or we will go off and form a party of our own," and thereupon the great Progressive party sprang up—great, not because it turned out to be more numerous than the party from which it had seceded, though it did that, but because it had the real red blood of human sympathy in its veins and was ready to work for mankind and forget the interests of a narrow party. I want to pay my tribute of respect to the purposes and intentions of the men who formed that group in our politics.

But the interesting thing is that, inasmuch as they did not get the opportunity, we took advantage of our opportunity to do the things they wanted to do. And I want you young fellows to understand the reason for that. There are standpatters in the Democratic party. There are men sitting down hard on the breeching strap. There are men who are trying to hold back and to serve what they believe to be conservatism, though it is really reaction, but the interesting thing about the Democratic party is that those men are in a small minority in its ranks, whereas in the party of the opposition they are in majority and are in control. The interesting things for all politicians to remember is that the progressive voters of this country all put together outnumber either party. I venture to say they outnumber both parties put together. This country is progressive, and if you youngsters are going to be in the running, you will throw in your fortunes with the party of which the progressives have the control.

I am a progressive. I do not spell it with a capital P, but I think my pace is just as fast as those who do. It does not interfere with the running and I am very much astonished to see the company that some gentlemen who spell their name with a capital are keeping. They are engaged in the interesting enterprise of trying to capture a party which is fortified against them and refusing to enter a party which is already captured by those who believe in their principles. The intellectual processes by which they arrive at their conclusions are entirely obscured to my intelligence.

But you will notice that a party that merely wants control does not have to have any principles. That is the reason why surprise that a program has not been announced is unreasonable. Look over the ranks of the supporters of the Republican party. Did you ever see a more motley company in your life? Did you ever see elements so absolutely contradictory of each other as the elements of that party. If they moved in any direction they would have to move in many directions: and if I am trying to get into power by the support of the people that do not agree with one another, it is very dangerous for me to profess my own opinion.

Back of that party are those who inject into our politics the politics of Europe; but not all who have that purpose in mind are on the same side. Some want to inject those policies in order to move in one direction, and others want to inject them in order to move in exactly the opposite direction. In these circumstances it is not wise to announce your direction. Some of them are Progressives, or were, and profess themselves dissatisfied with the present leadership and guidance of the party, and others are so well satisfied with it that they are afraid that the entrance of this new element will disturb their favorite plans, and so looking at each other with suspicion, they have only one enthusiasm, and that is the enthusiasm to "get in." I see in my mind's eye this great motley company enthusiastically united in a great drive for possession.

Unfortunately, however, one thing has become reasonably clear, my fellow citizens, and it is a very serious thing indeed. One thing has become evident, not because it was explicitly stated, for nothing has been explicitly stated, but because it is unmistakably implicit in almost everything that has been said. Am I not right that we must draw the conclusion that if the Republican party is put into power at the next election our foreign policy will be radically changed? I cannot draw any other inference. All our present foreign policy is wrong, they say, and if it is wrong and they are men of conscience, they must change it. And if

they are going to change it, in what direction are they going to change it?

There is only one choice as against peace and that is war. Some of the supporters of that party, a very great body of the supporters of that party, outspokenly declare that they want war, so that the certain prospect of the success of the Republican party is that we shall be drawn in one form or other into the embroilments of the European war, and that to the south of us the force of the United States will be used to produce in Mexico the kind of law and order which some American investors in Mexico consider most to their advantage. I do not find that anybody else's counsel is taken in respect of the policy that this country should pursue with regard to Mexico except those who have hitherto acted as the counselors for the vested interests in Mexico. The whole country is acquainted with the gentlemen who have been consulted. There is no concealment even by themselves whose attorneys they are. They have talked to me, I knew exactly what they wanted. I have declined to give it to them, and now they are going where they think that they can get it. And there is every reason, on the surface, at any rate, that their calculation is well founded.

There is a more serious aspect even than that. There is an immediate result of this thing, my fellow citizens. From this time until the 7th of November it is going to be practically impossible for the present administration to handle any critical matter concerning our foreign relations, because all foreign statesmen are waiting to see which way the election goes, and in the meantime they know that settlements will be inconclusive.

The conference which is being held with regard to Mexican affairs is embarrassed every day by the apparent evidence which is being produced that hostility to Mexico is being traded upon by one of the great political parties. These gentlemen may reconcile these influences with patriotic purpose, but it is difficult for all of us to do so. And the one thing I want to lay emphasis upon in this connection is this: that a great fundamental, final choice with regard to our foreign relationships is to be made on the 7th of November. Some young men ought to be interested in that. Some men who want to see the future cleared of the passion which governs the present ought to be interested in that. Men who love to see a great peaceful force expended by America for the service of the world ought to be interested in that. Singular, isn't it, that should have been the only thing disclosed by the opposition? But I suspect that they are well enough content with many of the things that have been done in domestic legislation, provided they can get in and control them. Let me illustrate it. Take the federal reserve system, the great banking system by which the credits of this country were hitherto locked up—the credits of the average man have been released and put into action; the great system which has made it possible for us to absorb two thousand millions worth of American securities held on the other side of the water, which have been offered for sale; nearly, if not quite, 50 per cent. of the whole body of the American securities held abroad, a thing that would have been impossible otherwise.

It has been interesting, and it has been very amusing, that any set of men should think that they had the absolute by the wool, that they knew what the interests of the country demanded and nobody else did. So that since they would not volunteer to come, we have made shift to conduct the treasury of the United States without their assistance. And it must surprise them in their private thoughts to have to admit that it has been better conducted than ever before in our generation—more successfully as business administration and infinitely more helpfully to the general body of the American people. Such assistance as the treasury of the United States can legitimately extend in times of financial stress used always to be extended to Wall Street. Now it is extended to the country.

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They have suffered another inconvenience. They used to be able to do a great deal in the way of legislation by means of a lobby, the people knew very little about, and the lobby, thank God, has disappeared. I do not mean the legitimate lobby, the lobby that will go to hearings of committees and argue their case in public with the reporters present, but I mean the buttonholing lobby: I mean the lobby that uses influence and not argument, that uses inducement and tact that understands some special interests and does not give a cent for the general interest. That is the lobby I mean, and the little cowards scuttled the minute they were mentioned. I had only to say in a casual interview with the representatives of press that there was such a lobby when all at once the rats began to scuttle.

We so absolutely altered the heart that Senator Aldrich himself denounced the thing that we produced. Now the heart of the Aldrich plan was a single central blank which was susceptible of being controlled by the very men who have always declared the financial policy of the Republican party, whereas the heart of our system is not a great central blank, but a body appointed by and responsible to the government and, by the same token, responsible to the people of the United States. The hand is the hand of Esau, but the heart is the heart of Jacob, and that heart is the heart of the Democratic party, the control by representatives of the people of the things that concern the whole people.

There was universal hostility among the bankers of this country, not unanimous, but universal, to the adoption of the present system, and all of that opposition had its impulse from that central group which knew that that was going to happen which did happen, that they were going to lose their grip on the treasury of the United States. They are perfectly content, my fellow citizens, to take over the federal reserve system if they can adjust it the way they want it adjusted and determine who is going to run it. Similarly, they are perfectly content to use the federal trade commission provided they can select the commissioners and suggest whom they shall consult.

They are perfectly willing to have a tariff board, at least they were willing to have it before we created it, provided they can determine beforehand what its conclusions are going to be by determining the quality and antecedents of the men who compose it. You can very easily determine beforehand what is going to happen. For example, if you want certain things to happen, select the most

eminent, it may be the most honest corporation lawyer in the country, and put him in the Supreme Court. His character is not going to fail you. He may have as good a character as any man who ever lived, but his training is going to determine everything that he sees. You do not have to do these things corruptly; you only have to do them astutely.

Similarly, they would be perfectly content to control the board which is to govern the rural credit system. They would be perfectly willing to appoint the board that is to control the development of the merchant marine and the regulation of marine charges in the carriage of freight on the high seas, perfectly willing. The only thing that makes them uneasy is that Democrats should be running these things.

I am not saying this in jest. I am not saying it to make a point. I am saying it out of my personal experience. Until the present administration, Wall Street controlled the actions of the treasury of the United States. I do not like these words, "Wall Street." Because there are some men in Wall Street who have vision, there are some men who see things large and see them true, there are some men with fine statesmanlike gifts, and I do not like to include them, but the main impulse in Wall Street is not given to it by them. When I say "Wall Street" I mean some parts of Wall Street, and I leave you to select the parts. Wall Street thus selected formerly controlled the treasury of the United States. Why, my fellow citizens, it even had a desk in the treasury department.

Many of these gentlemen honestly believe that only they understand the interests of the country, and they were genuinely uneasy to see the treasury conducted without their consent. Again and again I have received intimations from these quarters during the last three and a half years that they would very much like to be consulted, and I have invariably returned the same answer. I have said if these gentlemen have any advice to give, I shall be most pleased to receive it. All they have to do is to ask to see me and tell me in the frankest way, like any other American citizen, what they think ought to be done. But they would not accept that kind of an invitation. They wanted to be sent for, and they wanted to be reasonably certain before they went that their advice would be taken. They did not want to come on the same terms with other citizens of the United States offering their advice as to what ought to be done.

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So the instrumentalities of control have been destroyed, and the object of the present campaign on one side is to rehabilitate them. Why do I say that, because I see not more than you do. You see who are controlling the present campaign on the Republican side. There is no concealment about that. Two years ago the Republicans fancied that there was a reaction against the Democratic party, because it had been going some.

And so in the campaign for the congressional elections two years ago some of their most distinguished leaders spoke very indiscreetly. They said that what this country needed was a business administration, which from one point of view we might have concurred in if they had not added this definition that what the country wanted was to return to the "Good old days of Mark Hanna." Further definition was unnecessary. The good old days of Mark Hanna, I mean William McKinley. He had no part discreditable to himself, so

far as I know, in the political arrangements and the expenditure of unlimited money in campaigns for which Senator Hanna was responsible. But now you will notice we have returned to the good old days of Mark Hanna in the Republican party. Some of the very gentlemen who were prominent in that odious regime are now at the head of affairs in the management of the Republican campaign. The lieutenants of Mark Hanna represent the choice, the determinations and, so much as we can conjecture, the policy of the Republican party. What they want to do is to get control and then determine the policy in private conference. We are not going to be taken into their confidence.

It would not be wise for them to take us into their confidence. They want to control, possess. Those are the magic words for them. They do not think we have sense enough. They do not think we have coherence enough. They do not think a great body of free people know how to hang together in its own cause, and that a little body of men that always hangs together can in the long run manage the people, and it is up to us to show them that that is impossible. The people of the United States have frequently been fooled, but they are not often fooled several times in the same way, and this barefaced attempt to fool them in the same old way is, in my judgment, one of the most futile things that was ever attempted.

Henceforth, understand that so far as I am concerned, I will excuse these gentlemen from answering questions, because I know they cannot answer them; that if they answered them, they would lose half of their following on any particular subject and the confidence of the people of the United States all together. Therefore I for my part do not intend to ask them any questions. I have other uses for my mind, because I am on to the game already. What it is our imperative duty to do, my fellow citizens, is to make everybody we know understand what the Democratic party stands for and what it intends to do. It has begun a great process of liberalization for the business of this country, and it intends to strengthen that system at every point, extend it wherever it needs extension, strengthen and fortify it against all attacks and once for all make good the domination of the American people in their own affairs. On that program we are challengers to all comers. We have shown our hand. It cannot be doubted. All you have got to do, if you want to know the lines of the future policy of the Democratic party is to extend the lines of the past policy of the Democratic party and you have an absolute standard. You know which way we are going. The question is, do you want to head us off, and it is for the young men of the country in particular.

I do not know, for my part, how the spirit of a nation gets into one generation after another, but I do know by long contact with young men that the spirit of a nation is perhaps more intense in the generations coming on than in the more sophisticated generations that have become deeply immersed in particular lines of business. The point of view of the young man is of the horizon. He looks abroad upon a wide world because he is choosing his path. He looks curiously upon many of the aspects of human affairs because he hopes and intends to play a part of importance in some of them. And so the young men have the impulse, the momentum, the whole vision of the people more intensely in them than the older men, who have grown a little tired; some of them grown a little pessimistic, some of them grown a little discouraged, some of them have had many hard knocks and have suffered many disappointments, but who yet, nevertheless, with stubborn courage and steadfast strength are themselves struggling toward the light. And they are calling to the young man, "Come, recruit our ranks. Some of us are failing by the way. We need your force. We need your hope. We need your confidence. We need your capacity to get together and stay together and follow the lead. Come, strengthen the great army of men who have their eyes lifted to those horizons where shines the light of hope for men of every nation and of every generation, where rests the reassurance of the world's peace and of the world's happiness."

Unequalled for severe service on rough and rugged roads, hard pavements and other places where tire troubles cannot be tolerated. Ride as easy as an ordinary pneumatic—air space and pressure being the same.

Used in U. S. Government and European War Service. Our output is limited, but we make the following low special Introductory Prices:

Tires Tubes Tires Tubes
30x3 \$8.60 \$2.30 36x4 \$17.45 \$4.65
30x3 1/2 10.85

FOUR DEATHS IN THE TOWN.
(Continued from page 4.)

Elsie Catherine Welty, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Welty of Baltimore, died under most distressing circumstances at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Yeagy, South Washington street, last Saturday afternoon aged 3 years and eight months, after an illness of a few days from diphtheria. Mrs. Harvey Welty, mother of the child, is ill at the home of her parents with the same disease. Mrs. Welty came from Baltimore some time ago on account of the illness of her mother, who was in a critical condition. She contracted diphtheria last week, the case being reported Friday. The condition of the mother is reported as improving. The funeral of the child was held Sunday with burial in the Evergreen Cemetery. She leaves besides her parents an older sister and baby brother.

Silas M. Horner, a highly respected farmer and Civil War veteran of Mt. Joy township, died at his home last Friday morning aged 72 years, 10 months and 20 days. Mr. Horner had been in usual health until about a week ago when he began to complain of pains in his head. He had been working in the corn field the day before his death and came to the house before noon and went to bed. He was stricken with apoplexy about 5 o'clock Friday morning and remained unconscious until death. Mr. Horner was a veteran of the Civil War, having served in the 99th Regiment, Pennsylvania Vols., and was a member of Post 9 G. A. R., of this place. He is survived by his wife and the following children: Mrs. Harvey Mauss of Silver Run, Md.; Mrs. Mary Snyder of Harney, Mrs. Cleason McIlhenny and Mrs. Steve Brown of Philadelphia, Miss Alma Horner of Littlestown, Miss Stella Horner of Raleigh, N. C., Miss Ruth Horner of Bristol, Tenn., Addison Horner of Straban township, Misses Lucilla, Edith and Nellie Horner and Stanley Horner at home. Funeral was held Tuesday at the house and interment made at Piney Creek Cemetery.

George W. Adams, a former resident of Adams county, and a veteran of the Civil War, died in Hanover last Friday aged 78 years. He was well known here as a veteran, having been a member of Co. I, 87th Pa. Inf. He leaves two children, John L. Adams of Cleveland, Ohio, and Mrs. Charles E. Grimes, with whom he resided. His wife died 29 years ago. Funeral was on Tuesday, services by Rev. C. W. Baker of St. Paul's Lutheran Church, McSherrystown, interment in Mt. Oliver Cemetery, Hanover.

David Chronister, a well known retired farmer was stricken while assisting his nephew, Edgar Chronister, a Germany township farmer to cut corn, and died 20 minutes later. He had lived near Hampton many years. He leaves one brother, George Chronister, of Abbottstown. He was 56 years, 5 months and 28 days old. The funeral was held Sunday with services at Hampton Reformed Church by Rev. Irwin S. Ditzier, pastor of the East Berlin Reformed charge, and interment in the church cemetery.

Miss Margaret Patterson McConaughy, daughter of the late James P. and Caroline Wendell McConaughy, died Wednesday morning at the McConaughy homestead in Johnstown after an illness of several months. Miss McConaughy was attached to Gettysburg and had made her home here in recent years. Miss McConaughy was born in Johnstown and was a sister of John M. McCon-

aughy and Miss Florence McConaughy of that city; Mrs. Thomas R. Wakefield of Uniontown, and Mrs. Frederick L. Farnum of Grafton, Mass. The funeral took place on Friday at Johnstown. Her father, mother and brother lost their lives in the great flood of that city.

Miss Mamie M. Border, a public school teacher, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Border, in Hampton, Sept. 29, aged 20 years. She leaves her parents, one brother and one sister, Ellsworth Border of Round Hill, and Mrs. Albert Myers of Hanover. Funeral was on Monday, services by Rev. Mr. Gladfelter and Rev. Mr. Nicolls, interment in Hampton Cemetery.

John Henry Hockley died last Saturday at his home in Pine Grove Furnace from tuberculosis and Bright's disease aged 64 years, 5 months and 3 days. Mr. Hockley was the last surviving member of the family of the late Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hockley, of Fairfield. He is survived by his wife and the following children: James C. Hockley of Huntsdale, David Hockley of Mt. Holly Springs, Ernest Hockley of Gardners, Elmer, Harvey, Raymond, Ida and Carrie all at home. Funeral was held in the Methodist Church of Mt. Holly of which he was a member, interment in Mt. Holly Springs Cemetery.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.
The Directors of the Mummasburg Mutual Fire Protection Society have ordered an assessment of 2 1/2 per cent. on the amount of the Premium Notes to pay fire losses and 1 1/2 per cent. for wind storm losses payable on or before the 15th day of November, 1916. Particular attention is called to the 17th section of the By-Laws, viz:

Whenever an assessment has been made upon the premium notes and not paid within 30 days after the same shall have been demanded the policy shall be considered as null and void and of no validity, but the Directors may retain the premium note and collect thereon such sum and should it become necessary to enforce the payment of the amount assessed by suit at law, the recovery of said costs to form part of the claim due by the delinquent member to the Society.

GEO. E. HARTMAN, Sec.
o 7-31.

\$1.20 Round Trip
THE GREAT
HAGERSTOWN
INTER-STATE FAIR
October 10, 11, 12 & 13

THE GREAT BIG DAY
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12th

SPECIAL TRAIN
Leaves Gettysburg - - 9.10 a. m.
Returning, leaves Hagerstown - - 5.45 p. m
\$1.20 - ROUND TRIP - \$1.20

\$1.60 - Round Trip Season Tickets will be sold Oct. 9 to 12, inclusive, good to return not later than Oct. 14.

Low Fares from other Stations.
See Flyers — Consult Ticket Agents

Western Maryland Ry.

REPORT
Of the condition of the Gettysburg National Bank, at Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business Sept. 12, 1916.

RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts 704,296.07
Overdrafts, unsecured 671.93
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) 145,000.00
Other bonds to secure postal savings 2,000.00
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same 378,563.45
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank \$15,400.00
Less amount unpaid \$7,700.00 7,700.00
Banking house \$46,500; furniture and fixtures \$8,500 55,000.00
Due from Federal Reserve Banks 21,800.70
Due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago and St. Louis 65,469.08
Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities 43,969.59
Due from banks and bankers (other than above) 15,076.76
Outside checks and other cash items \$1298.82; fractional currency nickels and cents \$254.75 1,551.57
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank 2,764.83
Notes of other national banks 1,330.00
Federal reserve notes 175.00
Lawful money reserve in bank: Coin and certificates 21,636.20
Legal-tender notes 9,900.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation) 7,250.00
Total \$1,425,155.18

LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in \$145,150.00
Surplus fund 110,000.00
Undivided profits \$48,553.45
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid 10,048.70 38,504.75
Circulating notes 142,400.00
Net amount due to banks bankers 12,254.51
Dividends unpaid 40.00
Demand deposits:
Individual deposits subject to check 172,936.20
Certified checks 368.88
Cashier's checks outstanding 10,937.77
Postal savings deposit 133.44
Time Deposits:
Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice 792,429.64
Total \$1,425,155.18

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS:

I, E. M. Bender, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. M. BENDER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of Sept., 1916.

WM. L. MEALS, N. P.
Correct attest:
WM. McSHERRY
DONALD P. MCPHERSON
WALTER H. O'NEAL
Directors.

REPORT

Of the condition of the National Bank of Arendtsville, at Arendtsville, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business Sept. 12, 1916.

RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts 121,322.69
Overdrafts, unsecured 1.14
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value) 25,000.00
Other bonds, securities, etc., owned unpledged (other than stocks), including premiums on same 22,062.50
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank \$200.00
Less amount paid \$1,100 1,100.00
Banking house, \$3870.36; furniture and fixtures \$803.05 4,678.44
Due from Federal Reserve Bank 3,217.34
Due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities 5,125.98
Due from banks and bankers 681.60
Outside checks and other cash items \$33.00; fractional currency, nickles and cents \$191.02 227.02
Notes of other Nat. Banks 20.00
Lawful money reserve in bank: Coin and certificates 3,534.70
Legal-tender notes 540.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation) 1,250.00
Total \$188,761.41

LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in \$25,000.00
Surplus fund 10,500.00

Undivided profits \$280.21; less current expenses \$94.91 1,935.20

Circulating notes 23,700.00
Individual deposits subject to check 29,488.75

Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days 1,551.38

Cashier's checks outstanding 10.49

Deposits subject to 30 or more days' notice 96,577.49

Total \$188,761.41

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS:

I, S. A. Skinner, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. A. SKINNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of Sept., 1916.

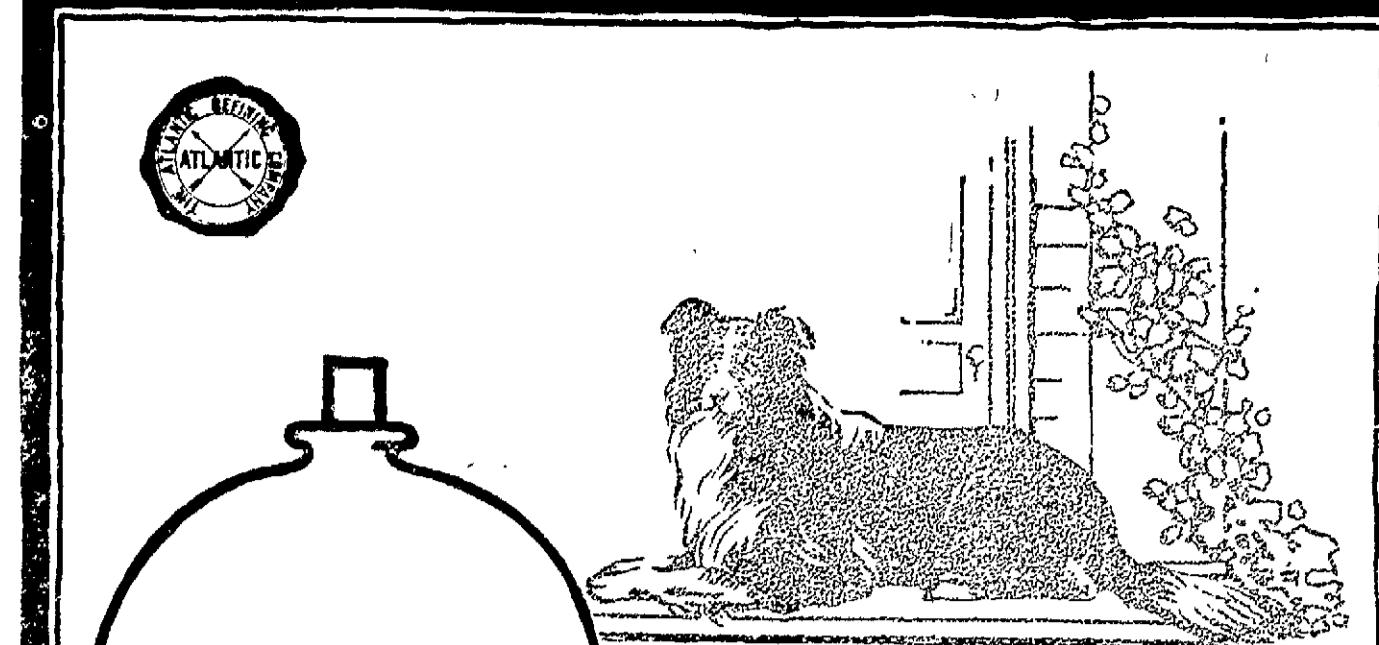
P. S. ORNER, N. P.

My commission expires May 10, 1917.

ROBERT H. SHULL,

S. G. BUCHER,

G. F. SMITH, Directors.

**Dogs and Kerosene**

You've seen a stray dog—thin, scary and half-starved. Let some one take him home and give him real food—he's likely to turn out to be an excellent watchdog and a fine companion for the children. Good food makes the difference.

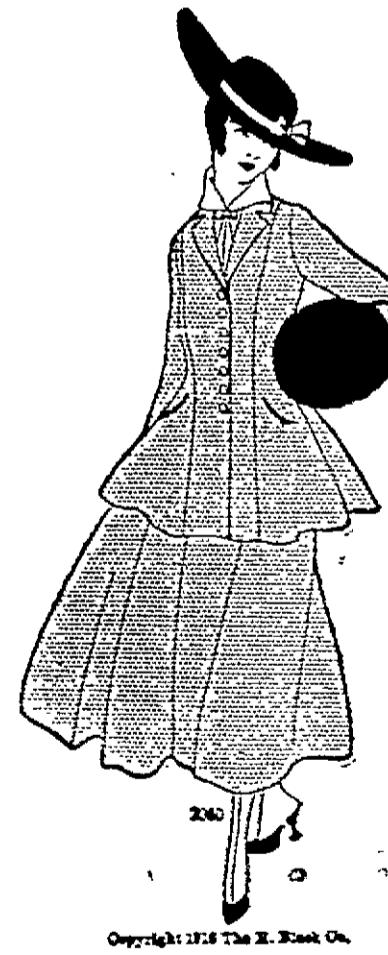
It's the same with your lamp and oil stove. If they're smelly, smoky and bothersome—if you get hazy light and unreliable heat—you're using the wrong kind of kerosene. Give them

ATLANTIC Rayolight OIL

There are many days when it isn't cold enough to start the fires, yet it's too chilly to be without any heat at all. A Perfection Oil Heater can be used in any room in the house without smoke, soot, ashes or unpleasant odors. See them at your dealers'—\$3.50 to \$5.00. You can be ideally comfortable regardless of the weather.

Go to the store that displays this sign: Atlantic Rayolight Oil For Sale Here. You'll find it a good place to buy regularly.

The ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY Pittsburgh and Philadelphia

To the woman who admires smart style in a suit

ESPECIALLY the woman who has hunted in vain for just the Fall Suit she wants, will find a pleasant surprise here in our Wooltex Suits.

She will find as wide a choice of good and stylish fabrics as ever—no signs of the scarcity that is talked of in some quarters.

She will find tailored and semi-tailored suits, many suggesting the smart Sports idea; utility suits; and many of semi-formal and dress design.



In materials, she has the choice of gabardines, serges, Bedford cords, whipcords, broadcloths and other favored fabrics.

As in coats, too, she finds an equal freedom of choice—both suits and coats from the celebrated Wooltex House, whose ideals of style, material and tailoring stand second to none in this country.

G. W. Weaver & Son

The Store That Sells Wooltex

Coats and Suits.

PECKMAN'S Real Estate Agency

GETTYSBURG PENNSYLVANIA

F. R. PECKMAN (Office in Masonic Building) E. C. OTT

Gettysburg Compiler
Gettysburg, Pa.

W.M. ARCH. McCLEAN.....Editor
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1916.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
WOODROW WILSON.

For Vice President,
THOMAS R. MARSHALL.

For United States Senator,
ELLIS L. ORVIS.

For State Treasurer,
JAMES M. CRAMER.

For Auditor General,
JAMES B. MURRIN.

For Congress.
A. R. BRODBECK.

For State Senator,
THOMAS J. BRERETON.

For Assemblyman,
D. C. RUDISILL.

READ WILSON'S SPEECH.

Every Democrat and American should read President Wilson's speech to be found on the second page of Compiler. It was delivered last Saturday to the Young Democratic Clubs. It gives overwhelming reasons why the Democratic party has survived since the beginning of our government, because it stands for government of the people. It makes clear what the accomplishments of the Democratic party have been in the past four years in being a government of the people and it makes it equally clear that the opposition stands for class government against the people. Read it and give President Wilson your support.

MANUFACTURERS FOR WILSON.

H B Endicott, Boston, and George F. Johnson of Binghampton, owners of the largest shoe factory in the world, and Mr. Johnson known as a Republican in the past, issued the following statement this week, boosting Wilson. They state:

"We shall vote for Mr. Wilson. We believe Mr. Wilson deserves well of his country. He has handled the foreign situation with fine courage and remarkable ability. He handled the recent railroad crisis in a masterly manner. We believe he took the only possible means to avoid a strike.

"He has earned and deserves the confidence of the people. He has attended strictly to the business of the government. He is not wasting time criticising other candidates, but is attending to the business that the people employed him to attend to.

"As a matter of interest to this community, a few figures are furnished. January 1, 1914, we employed 6291 people; January 1, 1915, we employed 7286 people; January 1, 1916, we employed 9704 people; September 28, 1916, we employed 11,768 people.

"At the present rate of increase January 1, 1917, we should employ 12,900 people. Percentage of increase from January 1, 1914, to January 1, 1917, 10% per cent. We believe the re-election of President Wilson and the return of the present administration to power will be best for the country. It means another four years, under a wise, faithful and patriotic president.

"In making this simple statement, it is not our wish, or thought, to urge any of our employees to vote against their own convictions. We yield to every employee the same right that we claim to ourselves; namely, the right to vote his own personal convictions. But if this statement of our own belief influences the vote of others in favor of the president, we shall be pleased and gratified."

A WILSON VICTORY.

Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the Democratic National Committee in an interview this week predicts with absolute certainty the re-election of President Wilson on Nov. 7. He says:

"Reports that I have received from all parts of the country convince me that the President has the people with him, and that they are going to back him up with a fine, big majority on election day. And, furthermore, they are going to co-operate with him in enacting more legislation in the interest of the people.

"In the East, the West, the North and the South, the people are happy and contented. The country is at peace. Prosperity rules the land as never before. Factories are working to their limit. The banks, always a barometer of business conditions, are bulging with deposits. President Wilson has brought peace and prosperity to the country, and that is the reason that the American people are for him. My reports show that the Senate will remain overwhelmingly Democratic, and that the Democratic majority in the House will be increased to upward of 50.

"The recent speechmaking tours of Mr. Hughes have shown him in his true light. His addresses have been one continual trade of faultfinding; they have been evasive; he has advanced not a single constructive idea; he has straddled on every question of importance before the people. Mr. Hughes has tried hard to find an issue in this campaign, but has failed dismally.

"The Republican nominee knows



WOODROW WILSON.

FOUR DEATHS IN THE TOWN

THREE MARRIED WOMEN AND A LITTLE CHILD.

Two Well Known Veterans, Silas M. Horner and George W. Adams.

Mrs. Elizabeth Weikert died last Friday, Sept. 29, at her home on Breckenridge street, this place, from paralysis in her 73rd year. She had been in poor health since May 30th and was taken seriously ill about three hours before her death. She was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Eli Sowers of Carroll county, Md. Her husband was Charles Bowers and after his death 41 years ago she married William Weikert, who died about ten years ago. She leaves three children, John Bowers of Stratton street, George Bowers of Breckenridge street, with whom she made her home, and Edward Bowers of Greenmount. She also leaves four stepchildren, Amos Weikert of Gettysburg, Mrs. James Crouse, Eli Leech and Mrs. Jonas Furney, all residing along the Emmitsburg road, near town. Funeral was held on Monday by Dr. R. S. Oyler, interment in Evergreen Cemetery.

Mrs. Ida Campbell Cassat, wife of David Cassatt of Gettysburg, died Monday morning in her 62nd year. She was in failing health for about three years. She was born in Emmitsburg and came to this town shortly after the battle. She is survived by her husband and the following children, Norman Cassat at home, Mrs. Myrtle Kohler of Harrisburg, William Cassat of McSherrystown, Samuel Cassat of York, and Milton Cassat of Lucknow, Dauphin county. The following brothers and sisters also survive: John Campbell of Littlestown, Charles Campbell of Baltimore, Mrs. John Utz of Gettysburg, and Mrs. Annie Campbell of Canada. Funeral was held Wednesday from the Methodist Church by Dr. R. S. Oyler, interment in Evergreen Cemetery.

Mrs. Maria Long died at her home on Breckenridge street Monday morning after an illness of three years from infirmities, aged 83 years. She leaves four sons and three daughters, Benjamin Long of Cresco, James Long of Emmitsburg, Jacob Long of Chicago, Charles Long with whom she made her home, Mrs. Savilla Moore of Johnstown, Mrs. Elizabeth Brunback and Mrs. Kate Allen of Hancock. She leaves one sister, Mrs. Nancy Jane Kelly of Harrisburg. Funeral was held on Wednesday by Rev. Mr. Byrd, interment in the cemetery at Hancock, Md.

(Continued on page 5.)



No community should be subjected to a traffic it does not want. Democratic principle demands that each community shall settle for itself such internal problems. Brereton has advocated this for years and will work and vote for a measure to submit the question of Local Option to the electorate.

Vote for Rudisill



D. C. RUDISILL
ise in the last Legislature. He will do so again.

Voters have a right to know what a candidate stands for in giving him their support. Mr. Rudisill's position has always been certain. He promised faithfully to represent the interests of the people. He fearlessly kept his promises.

FOR YOU---AND YOURS

Every man, woman and child in the United States should be thankful that Woodrow Wilson has been President during the great European War that has turned the "world upside down." Millions of men have lost their lives or been crippled for life. Millions of children have been made orphans. Millions of wives have been made widows. Millions of parents have been made childless. Countries have been devastated and billions in monetary loss has already taken place, and with all that President Wilson during the most trying time in the Nation's history, has kept our country out of war, our young men at their homes and occupation, and not on battle fields in suffering and probable death.

Mr. Brodbeck has stood and will stand by President Wilson. He has demonstrated this in the past. As a candidate for Congress he deserves your support for these and many other reasons. If you wish to continue peace and prosperity vote for President Wilson and those you know will stand by him.

Mr. Brodbeck's experience as a Member of Congress will place him in a position to give even greater service to this District than it has had in the past.



A. R. BRODBECK.

We're Ready

Right Ready we are with our New Choice Outfitting for Men, Boys and very little men :

Suits, Overcoats, Headwear and Haberdashery, Shoes and Rubbers

that we are very proud to show and that any Man will be fully as proud to wear!

As You Know Our
Prices Are Always Fair!

To show you will be a great pleasure for us, and you are earnestly invited to call to see what's new in Fall Outfitting.

LEWIS E. KIRSSIN
Baltimore St., Gettysburg, Pa.

Blood Medicine
That originated in a famous doctor's successful prescription, that is made from the purest and best ingredients, that has a record of relief and benefit believed to be unequalled the world over—such is HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

Henry Ford within the last several days made this statement: "I am a Republican, but I am for Wilson because I believe he can do more to enhance the prosperity and insure the peace of this nation, than any other Candidate."



"Goo-oo! Ah-ah!"
Delighted!

A CUTE little fuzzy wuzzy teddy bear or a high chair—will bring the light of joy to the eyes of most any tot. Save 2¢ Green Stamps and get them in the Premium Parlor Without a Cent of Cost. We give at least one 2¢ Stamp FREE with each 10¢ of your cash purchase. SAVE THEM!

Gettysburg Dep't Store

To The Farmers and Poultry Breeders

We are prepared to granulate corn and wheat into pure Baby Chick Feed, any size desired. We will keep on hand all grades of Poultry Feed at 2 cents per pound; Corn Meal 1 cent per pound. By using our pure Corn feed there will be 25 per cent less fatality among the chicks. We handle White Diarrhoea, Gap, Roup, Cholera, Limberback, and Lice Remedies.

S. S. W. Hammers

EDGAR C. TAWNEY

Dealer in Bread, Rolls, Cakes and Pretzels. Everything is Fresh and of the Very Best.

WEST MIDDLE ST., GETTYSBURG

Town Lots for Sale

Valuable Building Lots at Private Sale—lots of 30 feet frontage and upwards to suit purchasers on South Street, near Baltimore St., Gettysburg. Call and see them.

DAVID MARIN, 827 Baltimore St.

RHEUMATISM CAN BE CURED

Sufferers with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Neuralgia, Lumbar Sciatica, Hernia, Arthritis or Gout, no matter how severe your case is, write for my FREE book, Frederick Dugdale, M. D., Dept. M. S., 372 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.

"URIC ACID NEVER CAUSED RHEUMATISM"

I WANT to prove it to you yourself that you can't get Rheumatism or Arthritis from Uric Acid—no matter what your condition is today. Write for my FREE BOOK on "RHEUMATISM CAN BE CURED" and you'll find it's the most wonderful book ever written. Don't send a stamp—it's ABSOLUTELY FREE. JESSE A. CASE, Dept. 841, Boston, Mass.

Books for all Business

Ledgers, Day Books, Journals, Cash and Time Books, Due Ledgers, Record and Roll Books, Milk Books and Note Books of all sizes. Loose Leaf and Permanent Binding. The largest line of books this side of the city.

Farmers and Stockmen

Get Your Stock in Condition for Summer Work

by feeding some Good Food and Regulator. Our guaranteed brands are The Standard, The Prussian and Pratts, in assorted sizes.

Peoples Drug Store

NEW DEEDS! NEW DEEDS!

USE THE COMPILER

New Short Form Deeds

Ruled Deeds to be filled by Pen, Unruled Deeds for the Typewriter. New lot just finished at the

Compiler Print Shop

On Coupon Bond paper, no better paper made, a high priced, tough, all linen paper. Prices low and right.

Call and get a supply at

Gettysburg : Compiler : Office

16 Baltimore Street

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all electors of the School District of the Borough of Gettysburg in the County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania, in pursuance and by virtue of a resolution of the Board of Directors of the said School District passed on the 8th day of September, 1916, that the question of increasing the indebtedness of said district be submitted to the electors of said district at the general election held on Tuesday, the seventh day of November, 1916, between the hours of 7 a. m. and 7 p. m., at the regular polling places for the holding of general elections, for the purpose of obtaining the assent of the electors of said School District to an increase in the bonded indebtedness of said School District. The Board of Directors of the School District of the Borough of Gettysburg by a resolution duly passed and recorded on the 8th day of September, 1916, signified and expressed their desire for such increase of indebtedness. The amount of the last assessed valuation of taxable property in said School District of the Borough of Gettysburg is \$1,621,045. The total amount of the existing debt of the said School District is \$22,500. The amount of the proposed increase in the indebtedness of the said School District is \$67,500. The percentage of the proposed increase in indebtedness of the said School District, computed on the last assessed valuation, is 0.43%. The proposed increase of indebtedness of said School District is for the purpose of acquiring a site and of erecting, constructing, furnishing and equipping a High School Building thereon.

By order,
The School Directors of the School District of the Borough of Gettysburg.

CHAS. S. SPEESE,
Attest: President.
M. P. HARTZELL,
Secretary.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Susan Gallagher, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Adams county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

JACOB GALLAGHER,
Executor,
Bonneauville, Pa.
Or his attorney.
Wm. McSherry, Esq.

NOTICE.

To the Tax Payers of Hamiltonian township.

All taxes for the year 1916 are now due at par, and are required to be paid before October 1st. At that time 5 per cent. penalty will be added and I will proceed to collect them according to law.

Proceedings will also be started at that time against other delinquents owing taxes for former years.

H. C. SHRYOCK,
Collector.

You Can Make Money

right around your home, just as hundreds of men and women are doing. Work is easy, pleasant and permanently profitable. Be your own boss and build your own business. You take no risk, make sure profit right along. Send name, address, one reference, L. BROWN, 66 Murray St., New York City.

Why the Cocoanut Has Eyes.
Who can tell why the cocoanut has three eyes? Luther Burbank explains it this way:

Cocoanuts generally grow at the edge of the sea or rivers. The nuts are surrounded with a thick husk with a waterproof covering, so that when they drop into the water they will float. In floating the three eyes are always up top.

Once in the water nature gets busy. From one of the eyes there comes a shoot, which develops broad leaves like sails. The wind catches the sails and wafts the cocoanut on a journey sometimes many miles long. As it sails the other two eyes develop roots which at first grow among the fibers of the woody husk.

In good season the cocoanut is swept upon another shore, perhaps on another island. The roots embed themselves in the soft earth, the sail becomes the trunk, and a cocoanut palm is growing where none grew before.

The "Tired Business Man."

Are not all business men tired? If not why do we hear so much about musical comedies and vaudeville performances that are constructed especially for the purpose of resting and refreshing the tired business man?

If there is any one claim that has been conceded for ages past it is this: Fatigue is much more fatal to a man than to a woman. We seldom hear of a tired washerwoman or a tired housekeeper. Nobody ever wrote a musical comedy for tired schoolmarm. It has always been held that if a man has to work at night he must sleep in the daytime. But everybody knows that a woman can walk the floor all night with a sick baby in her arms and still be able to perform strenuous household duties next day. "Man's work is from sun to sun"—that being the limit of his endurance—Southern Woman's Magazine.

A Scotchman's Preference.
Lord Strathcona was fond of stories of his Scottish countrymen. One that pleased him highly I have heard him often repeat, says Beckles Wilson in "The Life of Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal."

A Scot was once boasting that Scotch apples were far better than the Canadian variety.

"Really," exclaimed his friend, "you can't mean that!"

"I do mean it," was the response. "But I must preface that for my taste I prefer them sour and hard."

One story told of his native town delighted him, although he professed incredulity. The superintendent of the Forbes Sabbath school had prepared a list of questions for the junior class—name the strongest man, the wisest man, the meekest man. Only one child—a cynical little elf she was—answered correctly. "Samson, Solomon Moses." All the others wrote or printed opposite the queries the name of the hero of their hearts—Lord Strathcona. There might be stronger and wiser and meeker men, but the junior class was not "acquainted wi' em."

Meaning of the Motto.

Young Canfield was a household decorator, and one day he was called to the country home of an eccentric man, father of a large and interesting family of daughters.

One of the daughters acted as his guide through the house that he might give an estimate for decoration. His attention was caught by a motto, framed and prominently displayed over the door of the room of each girl, which read:

"Learn to Say Yes."

"Would you mind," asked the young man, "telling me what that motto means?"

"Oh," exclaimed the young woman, with a blush, "that's one of father's ideas. There are ten of us girls, you know."—National Monthly.

A Game of Catch.

Somebody once twitted John Graham on the way David Dudley Field and he were drifting apart, he remaining in the harness as a criminal lawyer, while Field was selected by his state for the duty of codifying her laws.

"It is simply a game of catch between Field and myself," he answered. "He tries to put up as many bars as possible, all uniformly strong. Then I go around and try them and see how many weak ones I can find."

"Which beats, Mr. Graham?" he was asked.

"Oh, I think I do in the long run," he responded. "Field never succeeded in keeping me out as many times as I have succeeded in breaking in."

Humiliation.

"I tell you, sir, kissing the hand that smites you is nothing to what I saw in the hotel this morning."

"What was that?"

"The porter was blacking the boot that had kicked him last night"—London Tit-Bits.

Political Platforms.

"What's the platform?"

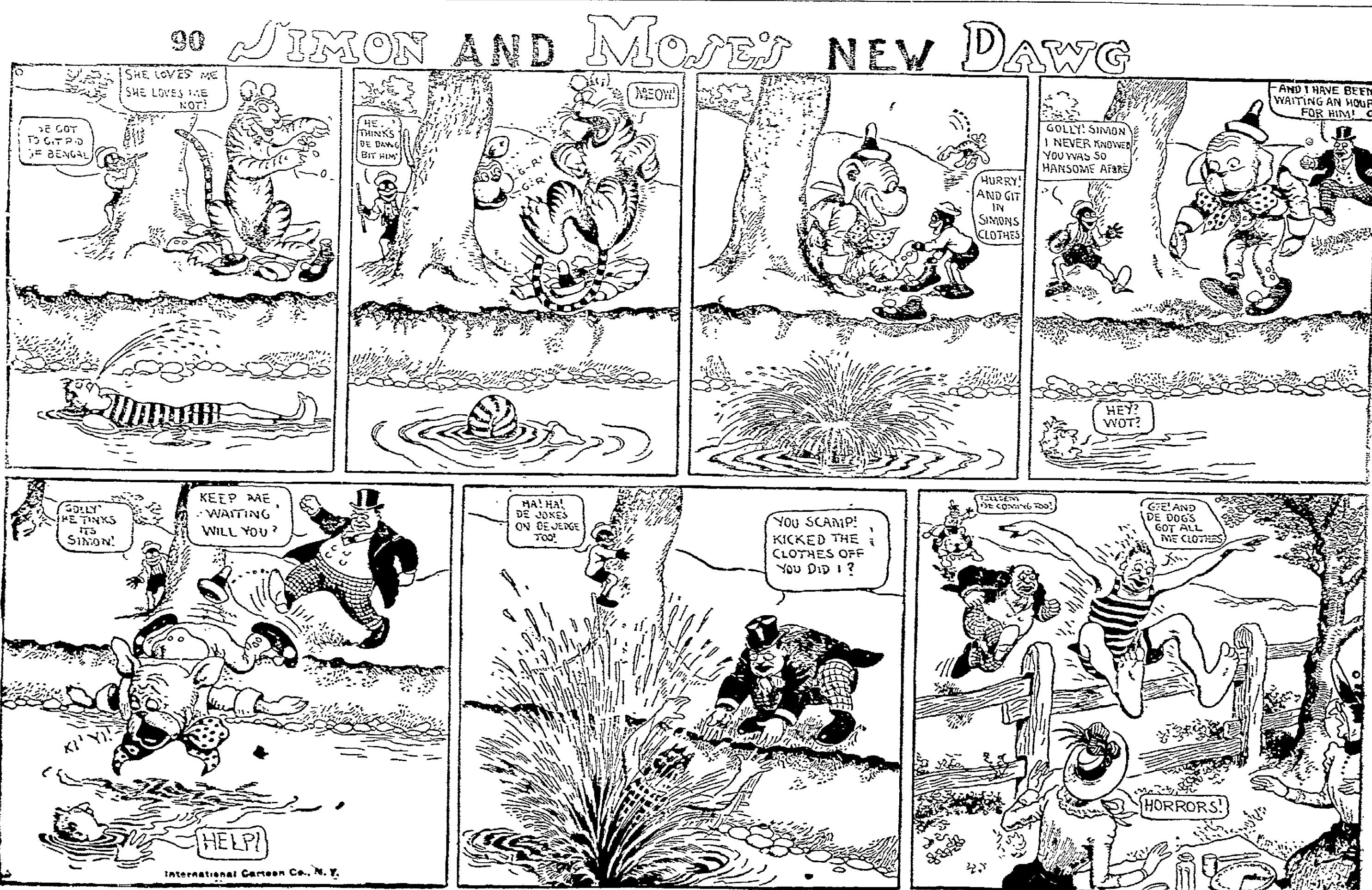
"I'll let you in on a secret. I've been voting for forty years and never read a platform in my life."—Kansas City Journal.

Advice.

"There's one sure way to get along in this world."

"What's that?"

"Quit fretting about the things some one else has and keep hustling for the things that so far no one has and you can get for yourself if you're first on the job."—Detroit Free Press.



To Every True American

Woodrow Wilson's fight is your fight.

He has put equal justice above special privilege, human rights above property rights, national honor above organized greed, and democracy over all.

The Child Labor law, the Federal Reserve act, the Clayton Anti-Trust law, Workmen's Compensation, Rural Credits, the Shipping bill, the Federal Trade Commission, the Seamen's act, the Tariff Commission and the Agricultural Extension act may well stand as the ten commandments of America; his international policies proclaim to the world America's recovery of the ancient faith, America's renewed devotion to democratic ideals. Woodrow Wilson has given you prosperity with justice and peace with honor.

What are you giving him?

How much does it mean to you that business is no longer at the mercy of panics, that credit and enterprise have been released from captivity, that the standards of America are now the standards of civilization, and that the heart of the land is not torn by the wailing of widows and orphans, the slow shuffling of the blind and the maimed?

America today is no less a battle-ground than in 1776 and 1861, and Woodrow Wilson is no less the champion of liberty than Washington and Lincoln.

Money, however, is the present weapon. It takes cash to run a campaign.

Only from the people, the one master that he has served, can Woodrow Wilson receive campaign aid. Clean money for clean purposes.

To contribute is your duty even as it should be your privilege. Send it in now.

What one of you would not fight to defend your home and your country against foreign foes? Fight, then, against enemies within that hold greater menace than any foe without.

Do not serve notice upon all future Presidents that faithful service is folly, since the electorate is without gratitude, interest and intelligence.

Every dollar contributed is payment on America's insurance policy.

Don't let it lapse.

Even as you have received generously, give generously. Even stint to give. America was built on sacrifice.

How to Contribute to the Wilson Campaign Fund

Sign the Coupon in this corner and fill in the amount you give. Then attach your Money to this Coupon and mail today to the address given on the Coupon.

Issue all checks, money orders and address all contributions to Henry Morgenthau, Chairman Finance Committee, Democratic National Committee, 30 East Forty-second Street, New York City.

Woodrow Wilson Campaign Fund LOYALTY COUPON

To HENRY MORGENTHAU, Chairman Finance Committee, The Democratic National Committee, 30 East Forty-second Street, New York City.

As a believer in the progressive ideals of government represented in the candidacy of Woodrow Wilson for president of the United States, and to the end that he may take the office free-handed, untrammeled, and obligated to none but the people of the country, I wish to contribute the sum of \$... toward the expenses of President Wilson's campaign.

Name.....

Address.....

R. F. D.....State.....

Please mention this paper

The Old General Muster.

Under the old militia system that prevailed about seventy years ago the states were divided into districts, each one having a company to which all men of soldier age were required to belong and give a few days each year to military drill.

Every year there would be a "general muster," at which the various companies would gather and under the command of a plumed and bespangled officer would perform the various evolutions and go through the manual of arms that would strike with awe the surrounding crowd of women and children gathered to witness the heroic displays of fathers and brothers.

These general musters were great events in the times of our grandfathers. They were social as well as military and often adorned with feasts of warlike provender. In one of his speeches Tom Corwin told of a general muster in which the brave militiamen, with bayonet and sword, charged on a pile of watermelons and cut the red hearts out of the enemy.—Columbus Journal.

Quite Different.

A tenant of Lord Hawkesbury, a judge at the Scotch court of sessions, once waited on him with a woeful countenance and said: "My lord, I am come to inform your lordship of a sad misfortune. My cow has gone one of your lordship's cows, and I fear it cannot live." "Well, then, of course you must pay for it." "Indeed, my lord, it was not my fault, and you know I am but a very poor man." "I can't help that. The law says you must pay for it. I am not to lose my cow, am I?" "Well, my lord, if it must be so I cannot say more. But I forgot what I was saying. It was my mistake entirely. I should have said it was your lordship's cow that gored mine." "Oh, is that it? That's quite a different affair. Go along and don't trouble me just now. I am very busy. Be off, I say!"—American Law Review.

Difference In Complexions.

The difference in the complexions of people is due to the varying amounts of pigment or coloring materials in the cells of the skin. Very light people have very little pigment; very dark people, those with dark eyes and black hair, have a great deal of this coloring material in their cells. A great many people are neither light nor very dark. They have less than the dark complexioned people and more than the light complexioned people. When the hair turns gray it is because the pigment has disappeared. As this is due to the loss of this coloring material, dark complexioned people turn gray sooner than light complexioned people. The structures of the skin showing how these cells are made in layers can be seen by examining the skin with a microscope.

Water Birds.

Water birds, singular as it seems, are the only ones whose skins never get touched by water. So long as they are alive and long after they are dead they float with an air chamber all round their bodies, cunningly contrived of waterproof feathers closely overlapping each other. Thus, in a sense, water birds may be distinguished from all others by the fact that they never wash, though we can hardly blame them for that, because if water could penetrate between their feathers the poor things would never be dry.

"Yarbs" We Have Known.

What has become of the elderly lady who in the seventies and earlier always referred to an "herb" as a "yarb"? The word has gone out of use. About the meanest "yarb" was a bitter weed named "thoroughwort." Then there were camomile, dockroot and dandelion, in their miserable partnership, lobelia and catnip. These things were "steeped" and you took them or had them thrust upon you "for your blood."—Exchange.

Beans.

The bean is comparatively new as an edible. Our common bean is a native of South America and was introduced into Europe whence it came to this country during the sixteenth century and now is represented by over 150 cultivated varieties.

Quite Likely.

"Miss Booful won't marry me. She's trying to sell stories to the magazines and says she's wedded to her art."

"Just hang around awhile, old boy, and the first thing you know she'll divorce her art for unsupport."—Chicago Herald.

Meissonier Told Them.

Meissonier once at the opening of his pictures had none of women. A friendly critic was curious to know the reason. Meissonier replied, "They can paint themselves better than I can."

The Amateur Farmeress.

Farmer—Now let me see if you can milk that cow. Girl (by vocation bar maid, regarding the horns) — Which handle's for the milk and which for the cream?—London Punch.

Power of Love.

So long as we love we serve. So long as we are loved by others I would almost say we are indispensable. No man is useless while he has a friend.—Stevenson.

Jealous Thing!

Miss Plainleigh—See my new engagement ring? Don't you think my fiance showed excellent taste? Miss Ryal-O, yes—in the selection of the ring!

How Catarrh is Contracted.

Mothers are sometimes so thoughtless as to neglect the colds which their children contract. The inflammation of the mucous membrane, at first acute, becomes chronic and the child has chronic catarrh, a disease that is seldom cured and that may prove a life's burden. Many persons who have this loathsome disease will remember having had frequent colds at the time it was contracted. A little forethought, bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy judiciously used, and all this trouble might have been avoided. Obtainable everywhere.

Advertisement.

Rev. Albert D. Bell has resigned as pastor of the Lutheran Church at Sparrow's Point, and will move to the farm above Orrtanna, he and Dr. C. M. Drum, his father-in-law recently purchased from John Pepple.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Advertisement.

State Forester Emmert Carbaugh of the Caledonia Reserve, reports having seen a black doe of good size on Green Ridge just above Caststown. A black deer is rarely seen in this section and this one has caused much interest among hunters.

For a Muddy Complexion.

Take Chamberlain's Tablets and adopt a diet of vegetables and cereals. Take outdoor exercise daily and your complexion will be greatly improved within a few months. Try it. Obtainable everywhere.

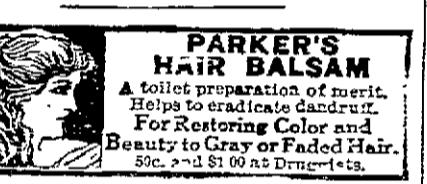
Advertisement.

At the Mt. Pleasant schools in Conowago township Miss Luckenbaugh of Hanover has been elected teacher of the primary grade and Miss Esther M. Myers, Hamilton township teacher of the Grammar grade.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Advertisement.

P. C. Sanders of Gettysburg raised a Japanese cucumber in his garden this summer that measures forty-eight inches in length and is about four inches in diameter at the thickest place. This vegetable is an uncommon variety and Mr. Sanders only raised a few vines as an experiment.



It is officially announced that the Western Maryland railway will spend approximately \$300,000 at Cumberland in the near future establishing repair shops to take care of all car repairs over the entire system. The industry will give employment to 50 additional men. Twenty new tracks will care for over 500 cars a month.

For dyspepsia, our national ailment, use Burdock Blood Bitters. Recommended for strengthening digestion, purifying the blood. At all drug stores. \$1.00 a bottle.

Advertisement.

Charles M. Mackley who left this county 27 years ago, is now visiting friends here on his first visit East in that time. He was formerly from the vicinity of Two Taverns. His present residence is Peoria, Ill., where he is engaged in telephone construction work.

Any skin itching is a temper tester. The more you scratch the worse it itches. Doan's Ointment is for piles, eczema—any skin itching. 50c at all drug stores.

Advertisement.

The supervisors of Latimore township will erect a new bridge over the Bermudian Creek near the farm of Harvey C. Bream. The present bridge has not been in good shape and the recent high water washed away some of the foundation making it unfit.

Doan's Regulets are recommended by many who say they operate easily, without gripping and without bad after effects. 25c at all drug stores.

Advertisement.

Mrs. William M. Arthur of Tyrone township, has purchased the property of Pius Lohr at Midway for \$200, possession Nov. 1. Mrs. Arthur will sell her Tyrone township farm and expects to make her future home at Midway.

Don't Let Skin Troubles Spread.

Trivial blemishes are sometimes the first warning of serious skin disease. Neglected skin troubles grow. Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment promptly stops the progress of eczema, heals stubborn cases of pimples, acne, blotchy, red and scaly skin. The antiseptic qualities of Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment kill the germ and prevent the spread of the trouble. For cold sores or chapped hands, Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment offers prompt relief. At your druggist, 50c.

Advertisement.

The automobile driven by Chas. Dicks of Round Hill, turned turtle on the pike between the homes of Wm. Weaver and Clayton Fissel, Monday afternoon. Mr. Dicks escaped injury but the car was badly broken.

Watch babies bowels till the frosts come. Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup keeps them in good shape. Sampic tree.

Advertisement.

Leaves are falling. Babies don't fall away while taking Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup. It makes sap—blood.

Advertisement.

Paris Pentz, York Springs, has received the appointment of rural mail carrier from Virginia Mills and will assume charge on Monday. Mr. Pentz was carrier on rural route number 5 from York Springs which was discontinued on April 1st. The route from Virginia Mills is nineteen miles in length and the salary \$980 per year.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts upon the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHEENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

B. A. Ruth, Berwick township, has sold his valuable farm and woodland of 32 acres, improved with a 2-story brick dwelling and frame barn, to Jacob H. Lansinger of Oxford township. Possession April 1, 1917.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Advertisement.

Bad Colds from Little Sneezes Grow

Many colds that hang on all winter start with a sneeze, a sniffle, a sore throat, a tight chest. You know the symptoms of colds, and you know prompt treatment will break them up. Dr. King's New Discovery, with its soothing antiseptic balsams, has been breaking up colds and healing coughs of young and old for 47 years. Dr. King's New Discovery loosens the phlegm, clears the head, soothes the irritated membrane and makes breathing easier. At your Druggist, 50c.

The property of the late George Smith, in Littlestown, has been purchased by Samuel Smith for \$3125.

Rheumatism Follows Exposure.
In the rain all day is generally followed by painful twinges of rheumatism or neuralgia. Sloan's Liniment will give you quick relief and prevent the twinges from becoming torture. It quickly penetrates without rubbing and soothes the sore and aching joints. For sore, stiff, exhausted muscles that ache and throb from overwork, Sloan's Liniment affords quick relief. Bruises, sprains, strains and other minor injuries to children are quickly soothed by Sloan's Liniment. Get a bottle to-day at your Druggist, 25c.

The Order of the American Mechanics has decided to drop the word "Mechanics" from its name and substitute "Men."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA
Advertisement.

Robert G. Decker of Reading township has been elected teacher to fill the vacancy at Round Hill school caused by the death of Miss Mamie Border.

Bad Colds from Little Sneezes Grow

Many colds that hang on all winter start with a sneeze, a sniffle, a sore throat, a tight chest. You know the symptoms of colds, and you know prompt treatment will break them up. Dr. King's New Discovery, with its soothing antiseptic balsams, has been breaking up colds and healing coughs of young and old for 47 years. Dr. King's New Discovery loosens the phlegm, clears the head, soothes the irritated membrane and makes breathing easier. At your Druggist, 50c.

The property of the late George Smith, in Littlestown, has been purchased by Samuel Smith for \$3125.

DR. KING'S Molasses

In sealed sanitary cans. Finest for table use and baking. Ask your grocer for it. Send postal card for booklet of Prize Recipes to

T. DUFF & SONS

920 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Coughs Kill If You Let Them.

Instead kill your Cough with DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY. It heals irritated Throat and Lungs. Thousands in last 40 years benefited by

Dr. King's New Discovery

Money Back If It Fails

All Druggists 50c. and \$1.00

Western Maryland Ry.

EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 24, 1916.

5:50 a. m. Daily, for New Oxford, Hanover and Baltimore, and